

2006

WISCONSIN

Deer Hunting Regulations



Photo by Jerry Davis

Because the season structure for the Chronic Wasting Disease Zones was not final at the time of publication, deer hunting seasons and regulations specific to the CWD Zones will be published in a separate pamphlet.



Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources

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This pamphlet gives you a summary of Wisconsin's important deer hunting laws and how they affect you; it is not a complete set of laws.

Table of Contents

License and Privilege Information	5
Licensing Requirements	5
Hunter Education Requirements	6
Armed Forces Members	7
Disabled Hunters	7
General Deer Hunting Regulations	8
Firearm and Bow Restrictions	8
Deer Firearm Restricted Areas Map	9
Group Deer Hunting Law	11
Hunting Near Roadways	12
Transport, Possession and Sale of Deer	13
Taking and Possession of Game	13
Deer Tagging Instructions	15
Deer Registration	15
Deer Hunting Seasons	16
Regular Units	16
Herd Control Units	17
Earn-A-Buck Units	19
Carcass Tags	22
Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag	22
Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag	23
Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag	24
Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag	25
Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag	26
Earn-A-Buck Authorization Stickers	27
Deer Management Units Map	28
State Park Deer Hunting Seasons and Harvest Limits	30
State-Owned Lands	36
Federal Lands	37
Tribal Lands	37
Special Hunts	38
Youth Hunt	38
Private Lands and Landowner Information	39
Baiting and Feeding	40
CWD Update	45
How to Hang a Deer by the Hind Legs	47
Safe Handling of Deer	48
Wisconsin Deer Donation Program	49
Northern Area Deer Hunting Hours	50
Southern Area Deer Hunting Hours	52
Fiscal Information	54
DNR Service centers	55

**For updated information about deer season issues call the
WI DNR Hunting Season Information Line 1-800-282-0367**

Front cover: "Hunter-in-training" Nicholas Gasser and his father Michael Gasser (of Mount Horeb) hunt during an early 2005 season in an Iowa County CWD management unit. Nicholas was too young to purchase a license last year, but enjoys going along with his father and older brother. He is looking forward to taking the Wisconsin Hunter Education Course and becoming a next generation hunter.

What's New in 2006 for Units Outside the CWD Zones

- **No October Antlerless Hunt** — The October “Zone-T” hunt will *not* take place this year in Herd Control (Zone-T) or Earn-A-Buck (EAB) units. As part of a trial season structure, *there will be no October 4-day Antlerless Only Deer Hunt.*
- **December 7–10 Antlerless Only Deer Hunt** — There will be an antlerless only hunt held in *all units statewide (including those units north of Hwy. 8)* except state park units and non-quota units.
- **Two-Day Either Sex Youth Hunt Oct. 7–8** — The Youth Hunt will be a two-day hunt held *in all units statewide (including those areas west of the Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad that are not posted as closed areas)*, except State Park units and non-quota units. The Youth Hunt will be open for either sex deer with the appropriate buck or antlerless carcass tag and weapon. See page 38 for details.
- **No Hunter’s Choice** — The sale of Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags will replace the Hunter’s Choice application and drawing for those Regular deer management units with a limited number of antlerless permits available. Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags for Regular units (see map on pages 28–29) will be sold on a first come, first served basis for \$12 (non-resident \$20) starting **August 26 at noon**. These will be sold online, by phone, or at any license vendor until sold out.
- **First-time Hunter Education Graduates** — Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tags are no longer valid for an antlerless deer for those individuals who graduated from a Wisconsin Hunter Education course in the year preceding the deer hunting season. This year, first-time Hunter Education graduates may instead receive a free Special Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. This carcass tag is valid for an antlerless deer during any open season with the appropriate license and corresponding weapon, and may only be obtained through a DNR Service Center (see page 7 for details).
- **Carcass Tags** — In order to simplify tagging instructions, carcass tags now identify what type deer they are valid for (buck or antlerless), in which unit(s) they are valid, and with which weapons they are valid. Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags are not weapon specific. See pages 22–27 for details.
- **Earn-A-Buck Prequalification** — Individuals who registered an antlerless deer in 2005 in a unit that is designated EAB in 2006 have prequalified and will be mailed a buck authorization in August. You may check your mailing address and prequalification status at dnr.wi.gov. See page 27 for 2007 prequalification information.
- **Non-CWD State Park Hunting** — This year admittance to those state parks with limited permits will be done on a first come, first served basis. No consideration will be given based on previous preference point status. Permits for state park hunting in those parks with limited access will go on sale **Saturday, August, 26 at noon**. State parks with limited hunting access include Brunet Island State Park (23A), Council Grounds State Park (52A), Rib Mountain State Park (57D), Perrot State Park (61A), Harrington Beach State Park (69C), Wildcat Mountain State Park (72A), Wyalusing State Park (73A), Loew Lake Unit of Kettle Moraine State Forest (77D), Kohler-Andrae State Park (77E), and Peninsula State Park (80C). See pages 30–34 for details.
- **Disease Surveillance Testing** — This year the DNR will be doing disease testing in the West Central Region. See pages 45–47.
- **River Block Units** — The River Block units, 59D, 73B, 59M, 61, 74A, and 74B, are no longer restricted with special regulations. These units are now treated the same as other non-CWD units and are under the same season structure and regulations as the rest of the state (outside the CWD zone).
- **Tree Stands on State Lands** — Identification tag requirements for tree stands on state lands have changed (see page 36).

Dear Wisconsin Deer Hunter:

There are big changes in store this year. After a year of hard work by deer hunters and deer hunting groups statewide, we have a deer season structure that was endorsed by all major deer hunting groups. This is a great example of the progress that can be made by working together.

These changes remove the Hunter's Choice program and replace it with sales of Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags in deer management units with a regular season structure. We have also placed a two-year trial moratorium on the October gun hunt. The October gun hunt will be replaced by a December antlerless deer hunt held in all units statewide, a youth hunt in October, and \$2 Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags in Herd Control and EAB units. With each license purchase hunters will continue to get one free Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag valid in Herd Control units (formerly called "Zone-T units") or Earn-A-Buck units. Additional Herd Control Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags will be available for only \$2. You can purchase as many of these tags as you would like.

The October hunt moratorium is a two-year trial. If the antlerless deer harvest in Herd Control units does not equal the antlerless harvest under past October antlerless hunts, the October hunt will come back. Our deer population continues to be well above goal and to make this trial effective, hunters need to harvest two antlerless deer for every buck harvested in Herd Control and EAB units.

This year outside the CWD zone there are 21 EAB units and 53 Herd Control units. Getting the herd to goal will be a challenge, but I am confident that hunters will rise to the challenge and start us down the road towards goal.

Thank you for your commitment to our hunting tradition. Have a safe and enjoyable season.

*Keith Warnke
Big Game Specialist*

Internet License Sales and Applications

Resident and non-resident customers can purchase their hunting licenses and submit their special permit applications via the Internet. This service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week through the DNR website at dnr.wi.gov. Licenses that do not have a back tag, carcass tag, or harvest report card can be printed at home. Other licenses will be delivered by mail within 7 to 10 days. When submitting special permit applications, the customer will receive an immediate, printable confirmation that their application data was received. Visit the DNR website or call 608-266-2621 for more information.

**Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags
go on sale Saturday, August 26 at noon at any license vendor
or online at dnr.wi.gov.**

License and Privilege Information

License	Resident	Non-Resident
Conservation Patron	\$165	\$600
Conservation Patron Junior (12-17 year olds)	\$75	\$77
<i>Privileges Included:</i> Small Game, Spring and Fall Turkey Licenses and Stamp, Pheasant Stamp, Deer Firearm, Archery, General Fishing, Trapping (proof of certification or exemption required), State Fishing and Waterfowl Stamps, and most permit fees. DNR Magazine subscription, vehicle admission to state parks and related areas (including State Trail Pass) are included in the Conservation Patron license, but not in the Conservation Patron Junior license.		
Sports	\$60	\$275
Sports Junior (12-17 year olds)	\$35	\$36
<i>Privileges Included:</i> General Fishing, Small Game, Deer with Firearm		
Gun Deer	\$24	\$160
Junior Gun Deer (12–17 year olds)	\$20	–
<i>Privileges Included:</i> Deer with Firearm		
Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag		
Herd Control Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag One free with license	\$0	\$0
Additional Herd Control Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag	\$2	\$2
Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag	\$12	\$20
Archery	\$24	\$160
Junior Archery (12–17 year olds)	\$20	–
<i>Privileges Included:</i> Small Game and Deer may be harvested with a bow.		

All licenses are available at DNR Service Centers (see page 55), authorized license agents, online at dnr.wi.gov or over the phone at 1-877-WI LICENSE (1-877-945-4236).

Licensing Requirements

- Hunters must carry their valid hunting license on their person while engaged in hunting and exhibit it to a Conservation Warden upon request.
- Hunters must meet Hunter Education requirements in order to obtain a license (see page 6).
- It is illegal to allow someone else to use or carry your license, tag or buck authorization or for you to use or carry some other person's license, tag or buck authorization when engaged in hunting.
- No person less than 12 years old may obtain a license which authorizes hunting.
- To receive a duplicate license, you must turn in all remaining parts of the lost license to a license vendor (available from any license sales agent).

Deer Permits, Carcass Tags and Licenses

- See pages 22-27 for detailed instructions.
- While hunting, no person may possess a validated carcass tag (of any kind) unless it is attached to a legally killed deer.
- It is illegal to possess, move or transport an untagged deer. The proper carcass tag must be immediately validated and attached to the harvested deer.
- A Gun Deer License is required to hunt deer with a firearm (including muzzleloaders).
- An Archery License is required to hunt deer with bow and arrow (or crossbow by qualified individuals as described on page 10 under “Bows, arrows and crossbows”).
- Your **backtag must be displayed** where it can be clearly seen in the center of the back of the hunter’s outermost garment. **Note:** the backtag number must not be hidden by a coat hood, displayed upside down or be marked up in any manner.
- A Class A or C Disabled Permit authorizes the holder to kill a deer of either sex with a firearm on a Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag during any open firearm deer season.

See CWD Hunting Regulations pamphlet for special requirements in CWD units.

Resident Licenses

To purchase a resident hunting license:

- a person must have maintained a permanent residence in this state for 30 consecutive days immediately before purchasing a license. Domiciliary intent is required. Evidence of domiciliary intent includes where the person votes, pays personal state income taxes, or obtains a driver’s license. Mere presence in the state for a 30-day period and/or ownership of property is not sufficient to establish residency.

Non-resident students attending school in Wisconsin:

- Full-time non-resident students in residence at **any** public or private Wisconsin college, technical college, or university offering a degree or foreign citizens residing in the state and attending a Wisconsin high school or a university agricultural short course, may purchase Gun Deer, Archery, Sports, Small Game and Fishing licenses at resident prices.

Effective Dates

- All hunting licenses are effective immediately after purchase and with the opening of the specific seasons, except Archery Licenses purchased after the opening of the deer season.
- **Archery Licenses** purchased after the open season for deer begins are not valid until 3 days after the purchase, excluding day of purchase (Example: A license purchased on a Monday is valid on Thursday), except for qualified U.S. Armed Forces Members. See page 7 for details.
- **Gun Deer Licenses** may be purchased during any open deer season.
- All 2006 deer hunting licenses expire on March 31, 2007.

Hunter Education Requirements

Persons born on or after January 1, 1973, must present their Wisconsin Hunter Education certificate (or proof of a hunter safety course recognized by the Department from another state, province or country), previous year’s Wisconsin hunting license, or proof of successful completion of basic training in the U.S. Armed Forces, Reserves or National Guard to purchase any hunting license. A certificate of successful completion of a Bow Hunter Education course can be used to purchase an Archery License. Contact your local DNR office for course information or visit our web site at dnr.wi.gov.

First-time Hunter Education Graduates

Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tags are no longer valid for an antlerless deer for those individuals who graduated from a Wisconsin Hunter Education course in the year preceding the deer hunting season. This year, first-time Hunter Education graduates may receive a free Special Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag valid in any unit statewide (except non-quota units), including Regular units. This carcass tag is valid for an antlerless deer during any open season with the appropriate license and corresponding weapon. This Special Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag is only available to first-time graduates of a Wisconsin Hunter Education course and can only be obtained through a DNR Service Center.

Adult Supervision Required

A parent or guardian (at least 18 years of age) must accompany hunters 12 and 13 years of age. **Accompanied** means within sight and voice contact without the aid of any mechanical or electronic amplifying device (other than a hearing aid).

Persons under the age of 12 may not possess a firearm or hunt unless participating in a DNR Learn to Hunt event or Hunter Education Course.

Armed Forces Members

Armed Forces members are entitled to the following:

- Exemption from Hunter Education requirements (see page 6).
- A U.S. Armed Forces member who exhibits proof that he or she is a **Wisconsin resident**:
 1. in **active service, outside of the state**, with the U.S. Armed Forces or forces incorporated in the U.S. Armed Forces, and
 2. is on **furlough or leave**, may harvest one deer of either sex during any firearm deer season established by the department with his or her Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag.
- **Any U.S. Armed Forces member or member of forces incorporated in the U.S. Armed Forces** who exhibits proof of **active service** and that he or she is:
 1. **stationed in the state**, or
 2. is a **resident on furlough or leave**, is exempt from the 3 day waiting period for Archery or Conservation Patron Licenses purchased after the season opens.
- **Any non-resident active duty U.S. Armed Forces member or member of forces incorporated in the U.S. armed forces stationed in Wisconsin** may purchase any hunting, trapping, or fishing license at resident prices.

Armed Forces members are not exempt from the need to purchase a valid deer hunting license.

Disabled Hunters

A qualified disabled person may obtain a permit to hunt from a stationary vehicle and/or use a crossbow. Class A and C disabled hunters are authorized to harvest deer of either sex with their regular Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag during any gun deer season. This means that a hunter with a Class A or Class C Disabled Permit may fill their one regular Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag with:

1. an antlerless deer
2. a buck during the December antlerless only deer hunt, or
3. a buck in EAB units without the need to shoot an antlerless deer first.

Contact a DNR Service Center for details. Allow 30-60 days for processing.

Important: Disabled permits issued prior to 1989 expired in 1994. If you possess an old permit, which has no expiration date, contact your local DNR Service Center.

General Deer Hunting Regulations

Blaze Orange Clothing Requirements

In any area of the state where a firearm deer season is open (including the regular 9-day hunt, muzzleloader season, October 7-8 Youth Hunt, December 4-day antlerless only hunt, or CWD hunts), no person may hunt any game, except waterfowl, unless at least 50% of the person's outer clothing above the waist is colored blaze orange. A hat, if worn, must be at least 50% blaze orange. Faded or stained blaze orange clothing is unsafe and may not meet law requirements. Camo-blaze which is 50% blaze orange is legal, but is not as visible as solid blaze clothing. 100% solid blaze orange is recommended.

Note: Blaze orange requirements do not apply to those hunters participating in legal night hunting (i.e. raccoon) from 1/2 hour after sunset to 1/2 hour before sunrise.

Hunting Hours:

- See tables on pages 50-53 for specific daily legal hours. The legal hours are 1/2 hour before sunrise to 20 minutes after sunset.

Firearm and Bow Restrictions

General Restrictions

It is illegal to:

- hunt with a fully automatic firearm.
- hunt with any means other than a firearm discharged from the shoulder or a bow and arrow. Handguns may be used as described under the "Handgun" section (page 10). Crossbows may only be used as described under the "Bows, arrows, and crossbows" section (page 10).
- possess any firearm from 12:00 midnight–11:59 p.m. on November 17, 2006 unless the firearm is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying case. **Exceptions:** target shooting at established target ranges and on private lands by landowners and immediate family members who live with them, waterfowl hunting during open season, hunting on licensed bird hunting preserves, and hunting small game in CWD Zones.

Note: An established target range means an existing location that is set up for target shooting with firearms as its major purpose.

- shoot a firearm within 100 yards of a building devoted to human occupancy while on lands you do not own (including public lands) without the permission of the owner or occupant of that building.
- hunt deer with ammunition loaded with full metal jacket, non-expanding type bullets.
- possess or control any shotshell loaded with single slug or ball while hunting, except during the gun season for deer or bear.
- possess while hunting, shot or shotshells loaded with shot larger than No. BB from June 1–Dec. 12 (unless legally engaged in waterfowl hunting).

Note: Be sure to check with local authorities for local restrictions before using firearms in urbanized or populated areas.

Shotguns:

- Must have an overall 26" minimum length with 18" minimum barrel length.
- Rifled shotgun barrels of at least 18" in length are considered to be shotguns for the purpose of hunting deer if they fire a single projectile and are in the following gauges: 10, 12, 16, 20 and 28. These are the only legal gauges for hunting deer.
- It is illegal to hunt deer with a .410 bore shotgun.

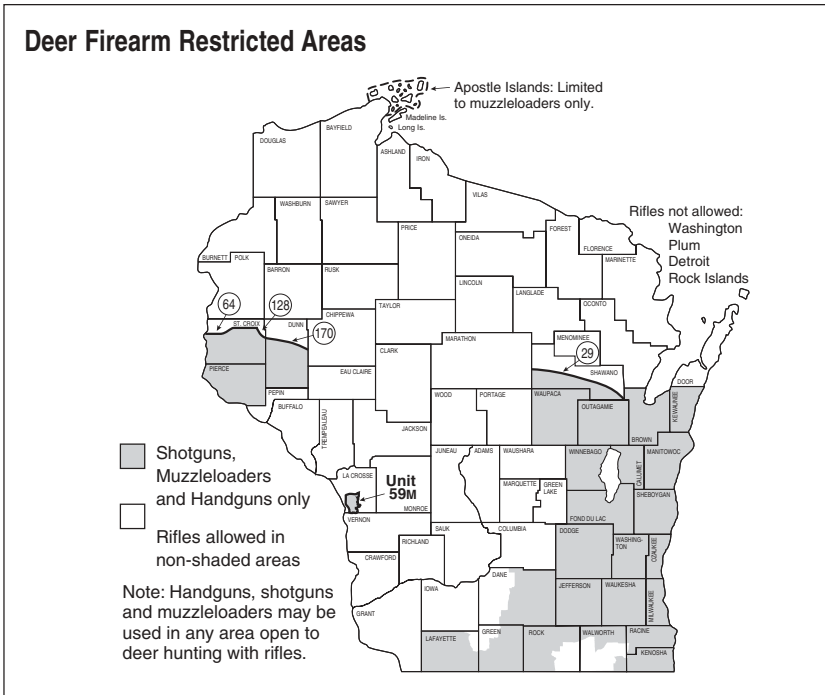
Firearm and Bow Restrictions *continued*

Rifles:

- Must have an overall 26" minimum length with 16" minimum barrel length.
- Are legal for hunting deer in areas not restricted to shotguns, muzzleloaders and handguns only as indicated by non-shaded areas on map below.
- It is illegal to possess any rimfire rifle larger than .22 caliber or any center-fire rifle .22 caliber or larger during any gun deer season in shotgun only areas unless it is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying case.
- It is illegal to hunt deer with any air rifle, rimfire rifle, or any center-fire rifle less than .22 caliber.
- Any .22 caliber or larger center-fire rifle is legal to use to hunt deer in areas open to hunting deer with rifles (see map below).

Muzzleloaders

- Only smoothbore .45 caliber or larger and rifled .40 caliber or larger muzzleloaders, discharged from the shoulder, are legal for deer hunting. **During the 10-day muzzleloader only season (Nov. 27 - Dec. 6),** muzzleloaders must have a solid threaded breech plug, only be able to be loaded from the muzzle, and may not have telescopic sights (1 power or less are legal). Telescopic sights are legal to use on muzzleloaders during other firearm seasons. **Note: Inline muzzleloaders** are legal to use during the 10-day muzzleloader hunt with black powder or any black powder substitutes.
- Muzzleloaders may be used statewide in all areas open to hunting deer with guns.
- Only muzzleloading handguns .44 caliber and larger with a minimum barrel length of 7 inches measured from muzzle to breech face, that fire a single projectile weighing 138 grains or more are legal for deer hunting.



Firearm and Bow Restrictions *continued*

Handguns:

- To be legal for deer, handguns must use center-fire cartridges of .22 caliber or larger and have a 5 1/2 inch minimum barrel, measured from the firing pin to the muzzle with the action closed.
- You may not possess a concealed handgun.
- Muzzleloading handguns, see “Muzzleloaders,” page 9.
- It is illegal to hunt with a handgun if under age 18.

Bows, arrows, and crossbows:

- Bows must have a draw weight of 30 pounds or greater and metal broadheads must be at least 7/8 inches wide and kept sharp to hunt deer or bear.
- Crossbows are only allowed for resident hunters 65 yrs of age or older and any disabled hunters with a Class A, B, C, or crossbow permit. The crossbow must have a minimum draw of 100 pounds, a working safety, and use at least 14-inch long bolts or arrows equipped with broadheads (requires an Archery License).
- Compound bows equipped with a draw-lock type mechanism/device that is capable of holding the bow at full draw are considered crossbows.
- **Compound bows equipped with a draw-lock type mechanism that holds the bow at full draw are exempt from the 100 pound draw requirement (30 pound minimum still applies).**
- You may not possess, while hunting, any crossbow (except as authorized above) or poison, drug or explosive tipped arrow.

Arms transportation:

- All firearms must be **unloaded and completely enclosed** within carrying cases designed to carry a firearm when **in** or **on** any vehicle whether moving or stationary. Bows and crossbows must be **unstrung or in a case** whenever **in** or **on** a vehicle. Some exceptions apply for disabled hunters issued class A or B disabled permits.
- All firearms must be **unloaded** when **in** or **on** any motor driven boat while the motor is running. All bows/crossbows must be **unstrung or enclosed** within a carrying case when in or on any motor driven boat while the motor is running.
Note: Muzzleloaders are considered unloaded if the cap is removed from a percussion muzzleloader or the flashpan is cleaned of powder on a flintlock muzzleloader; the ball and powder can remain in the barrel.
Note: A holster is not a legal carrying case for a handgun unless it completely encloses the handgun, so that no part of the handgun is visible.

Muzzleloader Only Deer Season

- A valid, unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag or Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag is required to participate in the muzzleloader only season.
- **During the 10-day muzzleloader only season (Nov. 27 - Dec. 6),** muzzleloaders (including muzzleloading hand guns) must have a solid threaded breech plug, only be able to be loaded from the muzzle, and may not have telescopic sights (1 power or less are legal).
- Blaze orange clothing requirements apply (see page 8).
- Legal buck deer may be harvested under the authority of an unused regular Gun Buck Deer License Carcass Tag only.
- The muzzleloader only season will be held statewide except in some state parks and metro units.
- Antlerless deer may only be harvested with unfilled Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags in units for which they are valid (see exemption for qualified military personnel and disabled hunters on page 7).

Group Deer Hunting Law

Group Hunting: It is illegal to kill game for another person **EXCEPT** that during a **deer firearm season only**, any member of a group deer hunting party may kill a deer for another member of the party if they are all licensed and are all hunting with firearms. Members of a group deer hunting party should also agree in advance that a tag holder is willing to use their tag on a deer killed by another member of the party.

The following conditions are established by law to ensure that hunters are actively participating in the hunt, are in the field and do not harvest more deer than the group has tags for:

1. A group deer hunting party must be at least 2 or more hunters who are hunting together within sight and voice contact with one another.
2. Each hunter must be using a firearm and be licensed to hunt deer. Group deer hunting **is not allowed** to fill the Special Antlerless Deer Carcass tag issued to first-time Hunter Education graduates.
3. When the deer is killed, the hunter who kills the deer must be in either voice or visual contact with the hunter who will tag the deer. Temporary loss of voice or visual contact for a reasonable time due to terrain or weather conditions is acceptable.
4. Hunters may not use cellular phones, radio communications or other mechanical or electronic amplifying devices, (except hearing aids) to get someone to tag a deer. It is legal to use electronic devices for reasons *other than* getting someone to tag a deer.
5. The hunter for whom the deer is killed must possess a valid, unused carcass tag for the type of deer killed.
6. The hunter killing the deer may not leave the deer unattended until after the deer is tagged and the tag is validated according to the deer carcass tagging instructions (page 15). A hunter is attending a deer if the hunter can see the deer.
7. Group hunting requires all participants to possess firearms, therefore, convicted felons cannot participate in group deer hunting or allow use of their tag by any one else. Deer drivers are not required to possess firearms or hunting licenses.
8. The above conditions describe a legal group deer hunting party. All hunters must be present and hunting together in the same area to be a group deer hunting party. Hunters may not kill deer for persons who are not out in the field actively hunting with the party or are at other locations apart from the area where the hunter killed the deer.
9. Group deer hunting by adults that accompany a youth hunter during the two-day youth deer hunt on October 7 and 8 is **not** allowed. Adults may not gun deer hunt during the two-day youth hunt.
10. Group deer hunting is not legal for archery deer hunting.

Vehicle Restrictions

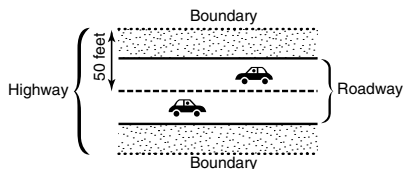
It is illegal to operate any vehicle, including, but not limited to, snowmobiles, bicycles, trail bikes, and all terrain vehicles on lands owned or under the control of the DNR and on federal waterfowl production areas, except where their use is authorized by posted notice or permit or in the case of Managed Forest Law and Forest Crop Law lands, authorization of the landowner. This prohibition does not apply to public roadways and trails held open to the public for the type of vehicle being operated.

Hunting Near Roadways

Highway means the entire width between the boundary lines of every public road, but does not include private roads and driveways.

Roadway means the portion of the highway which is improved or ordinarily used for vehicle travel, excluding the berm or shoulder.

Public road means those roads shown on the current, official county highway map available from the Department of Transportation.



It is illegal to:

1. Hunt within 50 feet from the roadway's center, or
2. Discharge a firearm, shoot an arrow from a bow, or a bolt from a crossbow:
 - a. From or across a highway, or
 - b. Within 50 feet of the roadway's center.

The above prohibition applies to all public roads (defined above). However, anyone hunting small game with a muzzleloader or shotgun loaded with shot size BB or smaller is exempt from these prohibitions if the roadway is unpaved (dirt, sand or gravel). **Exceptions:** Certain exceptions are allowed for Class A and B Disabled Permit holders. Call the nearest DNR Service Center (page 55) for an explanation of these exceptions.

Shining

It is illegal to:

- use or possess with intent to use, a light (including vehicle headlights) for shining any wild animal while hunting or in possession of a firearm, bow or crossbow (includes laser sights on firearms, bows and crossbows).
- use or possess with intent to use, whether or not a firearm or bow is in possession, a light for shining wild animals (including vehicle headlights) between the hours of 10 p.m. and 7 a.m. from September 15 through December 31.
Note: Some areas may prohibit shining by local ordinance. Check with the local Sheriff's Department or township officials for local shining restrictions.
- shine at any time on federal refuges and Waterfowl Production Areas.

Exceptions: A flashlight may be used: 1) while shooting coyote, raccoon, fox, or unprotected species at the point of kill while hunting on foot, or 2) to find your way.

Use of Devices

It is illegal to:

- hunt any animal with the aid of an airplane.
- use any bow equipped with a draw-lock type mechanism that is capable of holding a bow at full draw while hunting.
Note: such devices are legal for use by individuals authorized to use crossbows, but must meet arrow and safety requirements described under "Bows, arrows and crossbows" on page 10.
- use or possess laser sights while hunting, except by Class C visually handicapped permit holders.
- use cell phones or two-way radios to call someone to tag a deer, but those devices can be used for other communication purposes while hunting.

Dogs

- It is illegal to hunt deer with dogs.
- Dogs are considered private property and are protected by law. Only Conservation Wardens may kill dogs chasing deer. Owners may be held responsible for damage caused by their dogs.
- A dog that is actively engaged in a legal hunting activity, including training, is not considered to be running at large if the dog is monitored or supervised by a person and the dog is on land that is open to hunting or on land on which the person has obtained permission to hunt or to train a dog.

Transport, Possession and Sale of Deer

It is illegal to:

- sell, purchase, or barter, or offer to sell, purchase or barter any deer or part thereof **except:** the head, skin, and antlers of any deer lawfully killed, when severed from the rest of the carcass.
- possess a deer with broken or removed antlers in an EAB deer management unit or during an antlerless only deer season, which makes determination of legality impossible.
- possess a deer carcass unless tagged and registered as required.
- possess deer antlers in velvet, spotted hides, albino or white deer which are entirely white except the hooves, tarsal glands, heads and parts of the head, unless special written authorization is obtained from the department.

Note: Deer with antlers in velvet or in spotted coat may be harvested during the open deer season, however, to keep the antlers or spotted hide the hunter must contact a Warden within 7 days of tagging the deer and request written authorization. The spotted hide and velvet antlers may not be sold or transferred to another. Albino and white deer may not be harvested without prior written authorization from the DNR.

- transport another person's unregistered deer unless accompanied by the person issued the carcass tag. Once registered, anyone may transport the deer.

Note: Residents and non-residents may transport legally possessed deer out of state once registered. However, other states may have transportation restrictions; be sure to check with the wildlife agency in the state you will be entering regarding import regulations. **Attention: for transportation requirements in CWD Zones see separate 2006 CWD Hunting Regulations pamphlet.**

Taking and Possession of Game

It is illegal to:

- take or possess any deer or wild animal which has been lawfully obtained by someone else without having that person's consent.
- not immediately kill all game taken and make it part of the daily bag.
- carelessly waste game. You must make every reasonable effort to retrieve all game killed or crippled. Until such effort is made, such game shall be included in the daily bag. This rule does not allow you to trespass without permission of the landowner nor shoot game beyond established shooting hours.
- possess any game unless you hold a valid hunting license or state permit carried on your person, unless you are hunting as a landowner, as explained on page 39.

**Pick up litter and
keep your hunting grounds healthy!**

Vehicle-Killed Deer Tagging and Possession

- Contact your Sheriff's Department to obtain a tag before moving the deer so that the carcass, or part of the carcass, can be legally possessed.
- No fee will be charged for a vehicle-killed deer tag. The tag is valid for 90 days.
- Any person may claim a deer that has been killed by a motor vehicle operated on a highway. The driver of a vehicle that accidentally collides with and kills a deer has first priority to the deer. If the driver does not want the deer, any other person who arrives at the scene may request a tag for the carcass.
- Albino or all white deer may not be possessed under a vehicle-killed deer tag.
- To keep the spotted hide or velvet antlers from a vehicle-killed deer you must contact a Conservation Warden before the 90-day tag expires for special written authorization to retain possession of these parts.
- Any person who has claimed and received a tag for a vehicle-killed deer must remove the entire deer carcass from the highway. It is not legal to remove parts of the deer and leave the rest.

Taxidermists

Any person that mounts wild animals, including deer heads, for a consideration or fee in Wisconsin must possess a valid taxidermist permit. Application information is available by contacting your nearest DNR Service Center (page 55). A copy of these regulations is available at <http://dnr.wi.gov/org/caer/cs/licenses.htm>.

Hunting Accidents

Any person involved in an accident in which a person is injured by gunfire or bow and arrow or crossbow while hunting or trapping must first render necessary assistance and then immediately report the incident to the local Warden, Sheriff or Police. In addition, every person involved in a hunting accident must render a written report to the DNR within 10 days.

Hunters' Code of Ethics

Positive hunter behavior and ethics will preserve the future of hunting and will help ensure continued opportunities and places to hunt. Ethics cover behavior related to issues such as respect, responsibility and fairness, which can not always be addressed with laws. Responsible and ethical hunters should always:

1. Respect Landowners

- Always know where you are hunting and gain permission before entering private lands. Know how to use a map, compass or GPS unit when needed.
- Be courteous, follow the landowner's rules and treat their property with respect.

2. Respect other Hunters

- Don't interfere or disrupt the hunt of another. Treat other hunters in a manner that you would expect to be treated.

3. Respect Non-Hunters

- Understand that not everyone supports hunting. While everyone is entitled to their own view, positive hunting behavior will not turn someone who is neutral into someone that is opposed.

4. Respect Wildlife and other Natural Resources

- Follow all hunting laws and report violations observed to your local warden.
- Assist or support landowners and the DNR with wildlife habitat projects.

Deer Tagging Instructions

- 1 You must validate the appropriate deer carcass tag immediately upon killing and before field dressing or moving the deer.
2. **Be sure you have selected the correct tag** (see pages 22-27) and validate by slitting the appropriate date and time indicated on the tag.
Note: An antlerless deer is any deer that does not have any antler of 3 or more inches in length. A buck deer is any deer with an antler 3 inches or longer.
3. Insert a string or similar fastener through the small hole in the middle of the tag (note: a tab covers the hole). You will need to provide your own string or similar fastener to attach the carcass tag to your deer.
4. **Immediately attach the validated tag to the deer's ear or antler.**
5. After the deer has been tagged, it must be registered at an appropriate registration station. Please see the section below on registration.
6. Any person killing a deer with a firearm for another member of their group deer hunting party (see page 11) must make sure that the person for whom the deer was killed attaches a validated carcass tag to the deer's ear or antler without delay and prior to field dressing or moving the deer.
7. The carcass and registration tags must remain attached to the deer until butchering. The person who killed, tagged or obtained the deer shall retain all tags until the meat is consumed.

Deer Registration

Deer must be kept intact, except for field dressing and skinning, prior to registration. The lower legs, up to the tarsus joint ("ankle or hock") on the hind legs and up to the carpus joint ("wrist or knee") on the front legs, may also be removed. If the skin or legs are removed prior to registration, they must be kept with the carcass until after the deer is registered.

Exemption: Deer may be skinned and quartered by persons holding a Class A or B Disabled Permit. All permits must be presented at the time of registration.

In addition to the tagging requirements, ***all deer must be registered*** at a DNR Deer Registration Station. Registration forms are available at deer registration stations and license agents.

Firearm Deer Registration (includes muzzleloader deer season):

- **Location:** All deer killed by firearm hunters must be registered in the unit of kill or in an adjoining unit.
- **Deadline:** All deer killed by firearm hunters must be registered no later than 5:00 p.m. of the day after the close of the season in which the deer was killed.

Archery Deer Registration:

- **Location:** All deer killed by archery hunters must be registered in the unit of kill or an adjoining unit.
- **Deadline:** All deer killed by archery hunters must be registered no later than 5:00 p.m. on the third day after the deer was killed or by 5:00 p.m. the day after the season closes, whichever occurs first.

Deer Hunting Seasons: Regular Units ☐

Regular units are the non-shaded units on the Deer Management Unit (DMU) Map (pages 28-29). Deer populations are at or near goal in these units and utilizing a limited number of Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (page 23) for antlerless deer harvest during the gun deer seasons (along with the archery and muzzleloader seasons) is sufficient to manage the deer population. Harvesting a limited number of antlerless deer maintains a DMU's population near established goals.

Seasons & Harvest Limits

2006 Gun Deer Seasons – Regular Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 18 – 26	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags.
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag.

2006 Archery Deer Seasons – Regular Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
September 16 – November 16 & November 27 – January 7	One deer of either sex per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag. One antlerless deer per unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags. EXCEPT December 7 – 10.
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag or Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags.

2006 Muzzleloader Deer Seasons – Regular Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 27 – December 6	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags.

See page 38 for October 7-8 Youth Hunt information.

- A *buck deer* means a deer with at least one antler which is 3 inches or longer in length.
- An *antlerless deer* means any deer without antlers or any deer with both antlers less than 3 inches in length.

Deer Hunting Seasons: Herd Control Units

Herd Control Deer Management Units (formerly known as Zone T Units) are the grey shaded units on the Deer Management Unit (DMU) Map. These DMUs require additional harvest of antlerless deer to reduce the deer population and move these units toward goal. This year, as part of the trial season structure, there will be unlimited Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units, see page 24) available. Hunters will receive one free with each deer license and additional tags may be purchased at \$2 each. These tags will be the primary tool to bring deer populations toward goal. Units are designated as Herd Control Units when a deer population is well over goal and increased antlerless harvest is required to bring populations toward goal.

Seasons & Harvest Limits

2006 Gun Deer Seasons – Herd Control Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 18 – 26	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

2006 Archery Deer Seasons – Herd Control Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
September 16 – November 16 & November 27 – January 7	One deer of either sex per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag. One antlerless deer per unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units), EXCEPT December 7 – 10.
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag or Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

2006 Muzzleloader Deer Seasons – Herd Control Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 27 – December 6	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

See page 38 for October 7-8 Youth Hunt information.

Seasons & Harvest Limits *continued*

Metro Herd Control Units

Units 1M and 77M are Metropolitan (Metro) Deer Management Units. All Metro Units have additional deer harvest opportunities (longer seasons) due to higher deer populations in and around urban areas. Note: Only shotguns, muzzleloaders and handguns are allowed in unit 77M, whereas rifles, shotguns, muzzleloaders and handguns are allowed in unit 1M during firearm seasons.

2006 Gun Deer Seasons – Metro Herd Control Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 18 – December 6	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One Antlerless Deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

2006 Archery Deer Seasons – Metro Herd Control Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
September 16 – November 16 & November 18 – January 31	One deer of either sex per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag. One antlerless deer per unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units), EXCEPT December 7 – 10.
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag or Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags.

See page 38 for October 7-8 Youth Hunt information.

- A *buck deer* means a deer with at least one antler which is 3 inches or longer in length.
- An *antlerless deer* means any deer without antlers or any deer with both antlers less than 3 inches in length.

Always Remember the Four Rules of Firearm Safety

1. Treat every gun as if it were loaded.
2. Always point the muzzle in a safe direction.
3. Be sure of your target and beyond.
4. Keep your finger out of the trigger guard until you are ready to shoot.

Deer Hunting Seasons: Earn-a-Buck Units

Earn-a-Buck (EAB) Deer Management Units are the grey shaded units with crosshatches on the Deer Management Unit (DMU) Map (pages 28-29). These DMUs require an additional layer of population management to further reduce the deer population and move these units toward goal. EAB is a more restrictive season structure, but it is also a more effective method of population control. This season structure requires the hunter to first tag an antlerless deer before being allowed to tag an antlered deer. EAB units also incorporate unlimited Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (page 24), one free with each license and additional tags are available for \$2 each. This season structure is only recommended if a DMU has been a Herd Control Unit for two consecutive years, and unlimited antlerless tags alone failed to reduce the population to near goal.

Hunters can earn their buck in one of the following ways...

1. A hunter harvested an antlerless deer in 2005 in a unit that is now an EAB unit in 2006. The hunter is prequalified and will receive his/her 2006 Buck Authorization Sticker via mail (see page 27).
2. A hunter harvests an antlerless deer in 2006 in any EAB unit during any deer season. The hunter will receive his/her 2006-07 Buck Authorization Sticker at the registration station (see page 27).
3. A hunter shoots and tags an antlerless deer and then shoots and tags a buck. Provided the antlerless deer accompanies the buck until both are registered and the antlerless deer has not previously been used to earn a Buck Authorization Sticker, no Buck Authorization Sticker is required to tag the buck.
4. You can also qualify for a buck authorization by filling an agricultural damage tag with an antlerless deer.

Note: It is illegal to use a car-killed deer to obtain a Buck Authorization Sticker or as authorization to register a buck.

Seasons & Harvest Limits

2006 Gun Deer Seasons — EAB Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 18 – 26	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag provided a Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back of the Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag, OR an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the buck deer until both are registered. Also additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

- A *buck deer* means a deer with at least one antler which is 3 inches or longer in length.
- An *antlerless deer* means any deer without antlers or any deer with both antlers less than 3 inches in length.

Seasons & Harvest Limits *continued*

2006 Archery Deer Seasons — EAB Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
September 16 – November 16 & November 27 – January 7	One antlerless deer per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag or one buck deer per Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag provided a Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back of the Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag or an antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the buck until both are registered. Also, one antlerless deer per unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units), EXCEPT December 7 – 10.
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag or Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag and additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

2006 Muzzleloader Deer Seasons — EAB Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 27 – December 6	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag provided a Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back of the Gun Buck Carcass Tag, OR an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the buck deer until both are registered. Also additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

See page 38 for October 7-8 Youth Hunt information.

- A *buck deer* means a deer with at least one antler which is 3 inches or longer in length.
- An *antlerless deer* means any deer without antlers or any deer with both antlers less than 3 inches in length.

Ask First and Say Thanks!

Wisconsin landowners appreciate those people who ask permission to hunt and say thanks afterward. This builds important landowner-hunter trust. Remember, entering private lands without permission is illegal and creates a negative image for all hunters.

Seasons & Harvest Limits *continued*

Metro Earn-a-Buck Units

Units 59M, 60M, and 64M are Metropolitan (Metro) Deer Management Units. All Metro Units have additional deer harvest opportunities (longer seasons) due to higher deer populations in and around urban areas. Note: Only shotguns, muzzleloaders and handguns are allowed in these three units during firearm seasons.

2006 Gun Deer Seasons — Metro EAB Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
November 18 – December 6	One buck deer per unused Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag provided a Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back of the Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag, OR an unregistered antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter accompanies the buck until both are registered. Also additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

2006 Archery Deer Seasons — Metro EAB Units	
Season	Harvest Limits
September 16 – November 16 & November 18 – January 31	One antlerless deer per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag or one buck deer per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag provided a Buck Authorization Sticker is affixed to the back of the Archery Either Sex Carcass Tag, OR an antlerless deer tagged by the same hunter must accompany the buck until both are registered. Also, one antlerless deer per unused Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units), EXCEPT December 7 – 10.
December 7 – 10	<i>Antlerless deer only hunt:</i> One antlerless deer per unused Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag or Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag & additional antlerless deer per unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags (valid in Herd Control and EAB units).

See page 38 for October 7-8 Youth Hunt information.

- A *buck deer* means a deer with at least one antler which is 3 inches or longer in length.
- An *antlerless deer* means any deer without antlers or any deer with both antlers less than 3 inches in length.

Carcass Tags: New for 2006 and Beyond...

One of the goals entering the 2006 deer season was tagging simplification. If you are a veteran Wisconsin deer hunter you likely have already noticed the new carcass tag design. If you are new to hunting deer in Wisconsin, welcome! Whether you're a veteran hunter or a newcomer, we hope you find the tags straight forward and easy to use.

The intent of the new tag design is to let hunters know:

- What weapon to use to fill the tag,
- What type of deer the tag is valid for, and
- Where the tag is valid.

Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag

Where can I use this deer carcass tag?

This tag is valid in any DMU statewide.

What type of deer can I harvest using this tag in a Regular unit?

This Gun Buck Deer Tag is only valid for a buck deer in any Regular unit.

What type of deer can I harvest in a Herd Control unit?

This Gun Buck Deer Tag is only valid for a buck deer in any Herd Control unit.

How is this tag used in an EAB unit?

This Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag is not valid in EAB units, **unless** a Buck Authorization Sticker is attached to this carcass tag, or a legally harvested unregistered antlerless deer, tagged by the same person, accompanies the buck deer until both are registered.

Is this tag weapon specific?

Yes. This tag can only be used to harvest a deer with a firearm and a valid Gun Deer License.

Is this Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag ever valid for an antlerless deer?

The only time the Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag may be used to tag an antlerless deer is when used by a hunter who holds a valid class A or C disabled permit, or when used by a hunter who is a qualified member of the U.S. Armed Forces (see page 7).

Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag	
Valid only in the following unit(s):	
ANY UNIT STATEWIDE	
See Deer Management Unit Map in Deer Regulation Book	
Slit Month/Date/Time (AM/PM) of kill and attach to Ear(or Antler)	
JOHN TEST SMITH WI CUST # 999-912-348	
Tran #022116555	2006 Expires: March 31, 2007

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

AM PM

Regular Units: Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag

Antlerless Deer
Carcass Tag

Valid only in the
following unit(s):

Unit: 10

See Deer Management Unit Map in
Deer Regulation Book

Slit Month/Date/Time (AM/PM) of kill
and attach to Ear(or Antler)

JOHN TEST SMITH
WI CUST # 999-912-348

Tran #022116555

Expires: March 31, 2007

2006

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

Where can I use this tag?

This Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag is only valid in the unit specified on the tag. For example, this sample tag is only valid for an antlerless deer in unit 10. It is not valid in Herd Control or EAB units.

What can I harvest with this tag?

This carcass tag is valid for tagging one antlerless deer only in the unit specified.

Which weapon can I use this carcass tag with?

The Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag is not weapon specific. You may use it to tag an antlerless deer killed with legal archery equipment, with a valid Archery License, or a firearm (including muzzleloaders), with a valid Gun Deer License during the respective open seasons.

How do I obtain a unit specific antlerless carcass tag?

All Unit Specific Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags will be made available at any DNR license vendor, online at www.dnr.wi.gov, or by phone on a first come, first served basis. These antlerless permits will go on sale at noon on Saturday August 26, 2006. Unit Specific Antlerless Tags are \$12.00 for residents and \$20.00 for non-residents and can be purchased at a rate of one per hunter per day, until sold out.

How many antlerless permits are available for my unit?

Availability of permits depends on the antlerless quota for each specific unit. Permit availability per unit is accessible at www.dnr.wi.gov.

Herd Control & EAB Units: Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag

Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag	
Valid only in the following unit(s):	
Herd Control & EAB	
See Deer Management Unit Map in Deer Regulation Book	
Slit Month/Date/Time (AM/PM) of kill and attach to Ear(or Antler)	
JOHN TEST SMITH WI CUST # 999-912-348	
Tran #022116555	
2006	
Expires: March 31, 2007	
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 AM PM

Where can I use this tag?

This Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag is only valid in Herd Control, Earn-A-Buck and CWD units. It is not valid in Regular or non-quota units.

What can I harvest with this tag?

This carcass tag is only valid for tagging one antlerless deer.

What weapon can I use?

The Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag is not weapon specific. You may use it to tag an antlerless deer killed with legal archery equipment and a valid Archery License or a firearm (including muzzleloaders) and a valid Gun Deer License during the respective open seasons.

Where and how can I get these tags?

One is issued free with each deer license (so individuals will receive two free antlerless tags if they purchase both the Archery and Gun Deer License or are a Conservation Patron). Additional Herd Control and EAB Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags are available at any DNR license vendor, online at www.dnr.wi.gov, or by phone for \$2.00 each for residents and non-residents.

How many Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags can I obtain?

There are an unlimited number of antlerless tags for Herd Control and EAB units and hunters can obtain as many Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags as they wish for \$2.00 each.

Is this tag valid in Regular units?

No. It is only valid in Herd Control, EAB and CWD units.

Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag

Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag

Valid only in the following unit(s):

ANY UNIT STATEWIDE

See Deer Management Unit Map in Deer Regulation Book

Slit Month/Date/Time (AM/PM) of kill and attach to Ear(or Antler)

JOHN TEST SMITH
WI CUST # 999-912-348

Tran #022116555

Expires: March 31, 2007

2006

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec AM PM

Where can I use this deer carcass tag?

This either sex carcass tag is valid in any unit, statewide during an open archery season. It is valid for either a buck or an antlerless deer harvested with legal archery equipment. This is the ONLY archery tag valid for harvesting a buck.

What is this carcass tag valid for in a Regular unit?

In a Regular unit, this carcass tag is valid for a deer of either sex during the archery season, except during the December 7-10 antlerless only deer hunt, when only antlerless deer may be harvested.

How can this carcass tag be used in a Herd Control unit?

In a Herd Control Unit, this carcass tag is valid for a deer of either sex, except during the December 7-10 antlerless only deer hunt, when only antlerless deer may be harvested.

Is this carcass tag valid in EAB units?

Yes, however, in EAB units, this carcass tag is valid only for an antlerless deer, unless a buck authorization has been earned and attached to the tag or a legally harvested and tagged, unregistered antlerless deer, tagged by the same person, accompanies the buck until both are registered. During the December 7–10 antlerless only deer hunt, this tag is only valid for an antlerless deer.

Can this tag be filled with a deer harvested with a firearm?

No. This tag is weapon specific and may not be used to tag a deer harvested with a firearm.

Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag

Archery Antlerless Carcass Tag	
Valid only in the following unit(s):	
ANY UNIT STATEWIDE	
See Deer Management Unit Map in Deer Regulation Book	
Slit Month/Date/Time (AM/PM) of kill and attach to Ear(or Antler)	
JOHN TEST SMITH WI CUST # 999-912-348	
Tran #022116555	
Expires: March 31, 2007	
2006	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 AM/PM	

Where and how can I use this carcass tag?

This carcass tag is valid in any unit, statewide during an open archery season. It is only valid for an antlerless deer harvested with legal archery equipment with a valid Archery License.

What can I harvest with this tag?

This carcass tag is only valid for tagging one antlerless deer in any unit statewide.

What weapon can I use?

The Archery Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag is weapon specific and can only be used for an antlerless deer harvested with legal archery equipment.

Where/how can I get these tags?

One is issued free with each Archery Deer License or Patron License. Hunters who were not issued this tag when they purchased their Patron or Archery License will be mailed this tag. Since May 15, 2006, this tag has been issued with all Archery or Patron Licenses sold.

Can this tag be filled with a deer harvested with a firearm?

No. This tag is weapon specific and may not be used to tag a deer harvested with a firearm.

EAB Units: Buck Authorization Stickers

2006 Earn-a-Buck Unit Buck Authorization



DNR Customer # _____

Must be attached to back of Gun Buck
Deer or Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag.

Buck Authorization Stickers earned by registering an antlerless deer during the 2005 deer hunting season, in a Deer Management Unit that is designated an EAB unit in 2006. This authorization will be mailed in August to those hunters who registered an antlerless deer in 2005 in units which are now EAB in 2006.

2006-2007 Earn-a-Buck Unit Buck Authorization



DNR Customer # _____

Must be attached to back of Gun Buck
Deer or Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag.

Buck Authorization Stickers earned during the 2006 deer hunting season. These stickers are earned by tagging and registering an antlerless deer in an EAB unit. These stickers can be used during the 2006 deer season in an EAB unit, or, if not used in 2006, can be used to validate the earner's Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag or Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag in 2007 if it is used in an EAB unit during the 2007 deer season.

Where is my buck authorization valid?

Buck authorizations can be used to validate your Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag or your Archery Deer Either Sex Carcass Tag and can be used during any hunting season open to harvesting a buck using the appropriate legal hunting weapon for that tag. They are valid in **ANY EAB unit** throughout the state.

How many buck authorizations can I earn?

During the 2006 season, a buck authorization will be issued for each antlerless deer registered in all EAB units. One may be used to validate your Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag or Archery Either Sex Deer Carcass Tag. Additional buck authorizations (over two) earned in 2006 may not be used in the 2006 deer season, but can be used in any unit designated as EAB in the 2007 season (up to two).

Is the buck authorization weapon or season specific?

No. It can be used with either a valid Archery License or a valid Gun Deer License during an open season. An antlerless deer harvested with a gun or bow in an EAB unit will earn a buck authorization that can be used with either a Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag or an Archery Deer Either Sex Carcass Tag.

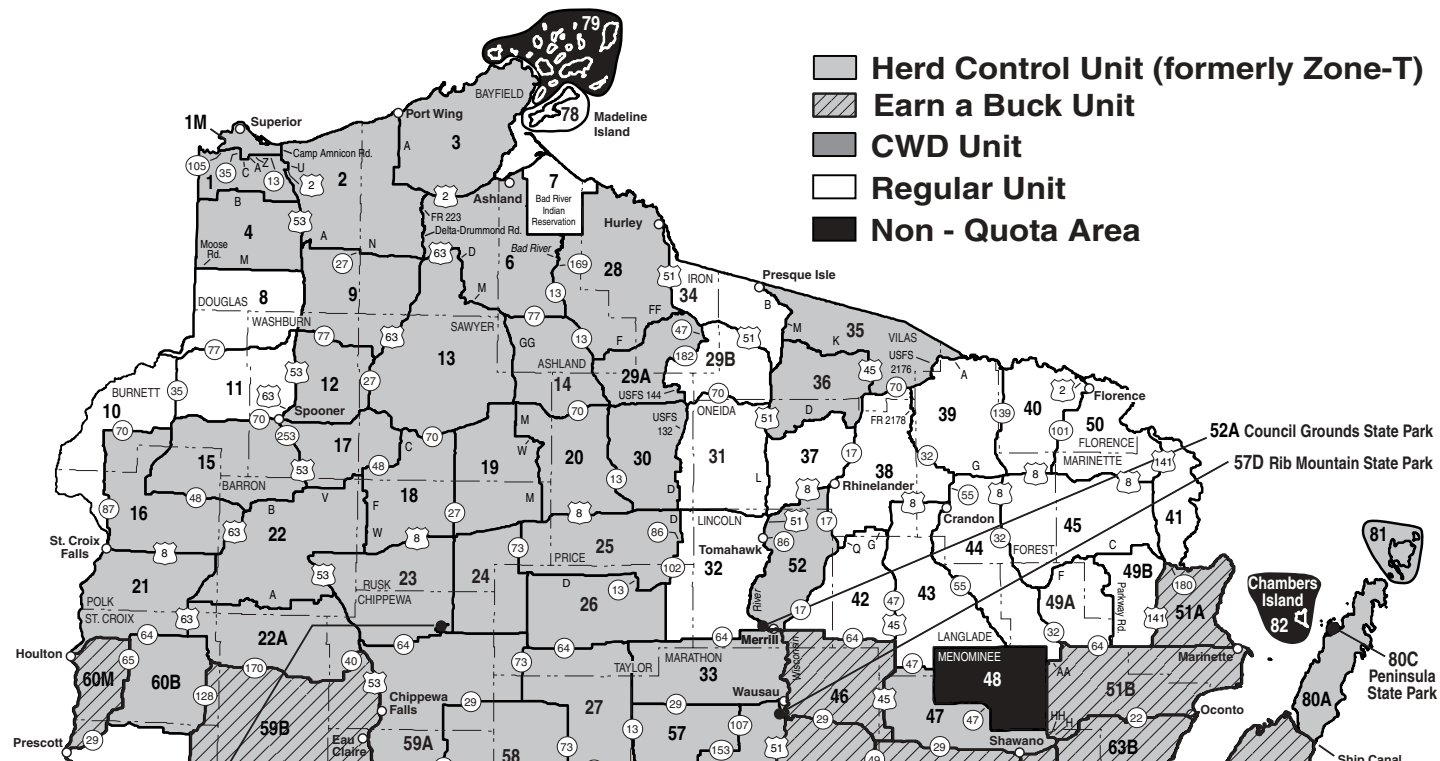
Can I earn a buck for someone else?

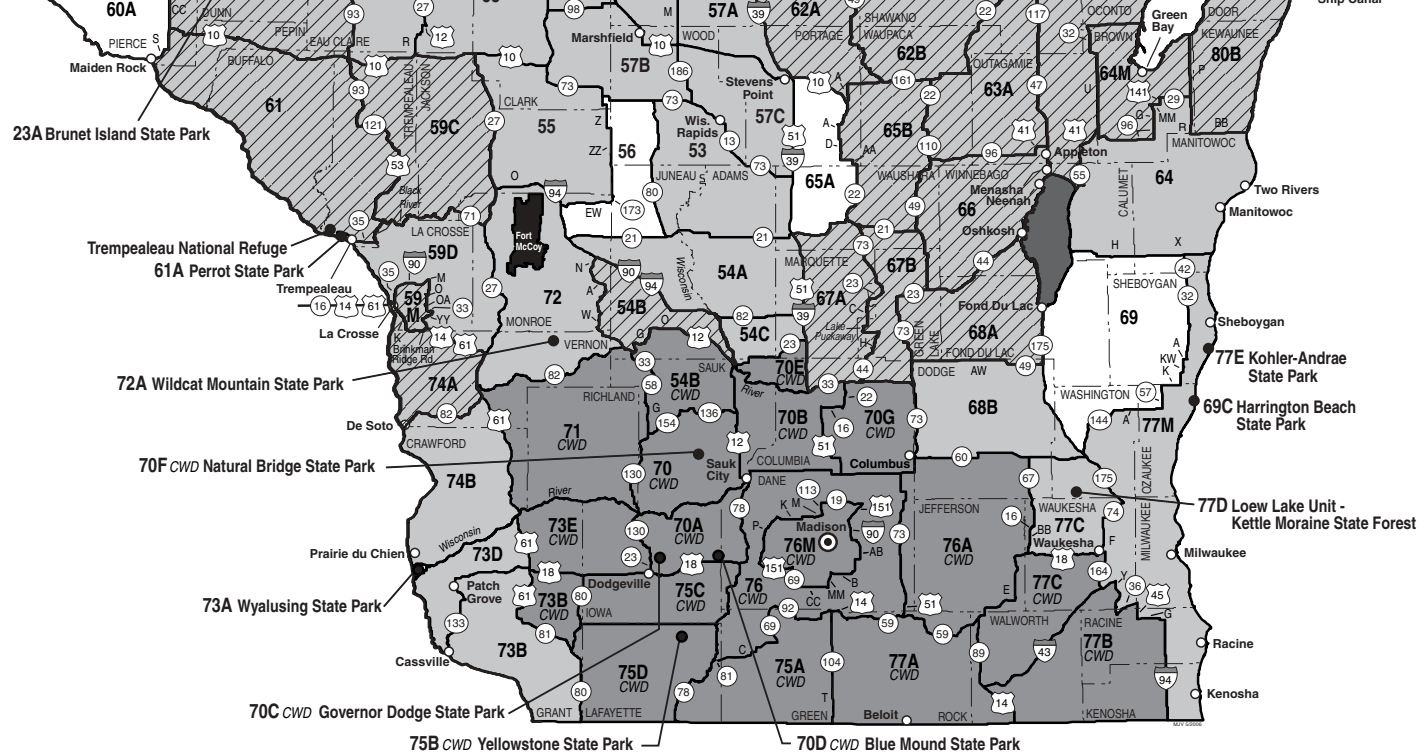
Buck authorizations are non-transferable. Only those who tag and register an antlerless deer will be issued a buck authorization. Group hunting is allowed to earn or harvest a buck, but only the person who tags and registers an antlerless deer will receive the buck authorization. Only the person who has been issued a buck authorization may use it to tag a buck.

How do I prequalify for a buck for next year (2007)?

During a 2006 deer seasons, if you tag and register an antlerless deer killed in a Herd Control or CWD Unit that becomes EAB in 2007, you will be prequalified and will be mailed an EAB Authorization for the 2007 deer season in August of 2007. In addition, an EAB authorization issued when you register an antlerless deer in a 2006 EAB unit will be valid in any 2007 EAB unit if it is not used in 2006 (up to two). If the Herd Control or CWD Unit you kill an antlerless deer in during the 2006 season is not an EAB unit in 2007, you will not be prequalified for a buck in 2007.

2006 Deer Management Units





For deer hunting season structure and regulations specific to the CWD Zone, see the separate *2006 CWD Hunting Regulations* pamphlet.

State Park Deer Hunting Seasons and Harvest Limits

Limited Access: The following State Parks require that each hunter first obtain a \$3 Park Access Permit prior to hunting during the following seasons. Park Access Permits are available first come, first served starting at Noon on Saturday, August 26 from any license vendor (not from the park). A State Park Sticker or pass is required for all vehicles in a state park.

Unit	State Park	Archery		Gun		Muzzleloader	
		Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
23A	Brunet Island State Park - Antlerless Deer Only	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with park access permit.	NA	NA	Nov. 18- Dec. 6	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with park access permit.
52A	Council Grounds State Park	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	Nov. 18- Nov. 26 (Shotgun Only)	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	Nov. 27- Dec. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
57D	Rib Mountain State Park	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	NA	NA	Nov. 18- Dec. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
61A	Perrot State Park	NA	NA	NA	NA	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with park access permit. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).

Unit	State Park	Archery		Gun		Muzzleloader	
		Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
69C	Harrington Beach State Park	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	NA	NA	Nov. 18 - Dec. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
72A	Wildcat Mountain State Park Antlerless Deer Only	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with park access permit.	NA	NA	Nov. 18 - Dec. 6	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag with park access permit.
73A	Wyalusing State Park	NA	NA	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	NA	NA
77D	Loew Lake Unit of Kettle Moraine State Forest	See page 32	See page 32	NA	NA	Nov. 18 - Dec. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
77E	Kohler-Andrae State Park	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.	NA	NA	Nov. 18 - Dec. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.
80C	Peninsula State Park	NA	NA	NA	NA	Nov. 18 - Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag with park access permit.

NA = Not Applicable (no season)

Unrestricted Access: A Park Access Permit is NOT required to hunt during the following seasons in the following State Parks, Trails and Forests. A State Park Sticker or pass is required for all vehicles in a state park.

Unit	State Park	Archery		Gun		Muzzleloader	
		Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
77D	Loew Lake Unit of Kettle Moraine State Forest	Sept. 16 - Nov. 16 & Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	NA	NA	See page 31	See page 31
	Grand Traverse Island (Plum Island) State Park	Sept. 16 - Nov. 16 & Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per unused carcass tag.	Nov. 18 - Nov. 26	One deer per unused carcass tag.	NA	NA
	Mill Bluff State Park	Oct. 15 - Nov. 16 & Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).	Nov. 18 - Nov. 26	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).	Nov. 27 - Dec. 6	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).
	Hartman Creek State Park	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).	Nov. 18 - Nov. 26	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).	NA	NA

State Park	Archery		Gun		Muzzleloader	
	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
Interstate State Park	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 18 - Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	NA	NA
Portion of the Elroy- Sparta State Trail located within DMU 54B	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).	NA	NA
Remainder of the Elroy- Sparta State Trail	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	NA	NA
Kinnickinnic & Willow River State Parks	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).	Nov. 18- Nov. 26 (Shotgun only)	One antlerless deer per valid, unused Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag. In addition, one buck may be taken with unfilled Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag if an antlerless deer is first harvested in accordance with EAB regulations (see page 19).	NA	NA
Governor Thompson State Park	NA	NA	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	NA	NA

NA = Not Applicable (no season)

Unrestricted Access: A Park Access Permit is NOT required to hunt during the following seasons in the following State Parks, Trails and Forests. A State Park Sticker or pass is required for all vehicles in a state park.

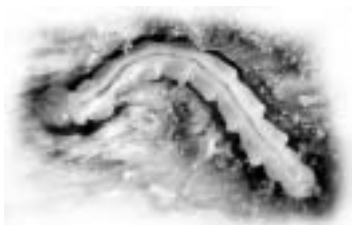
State Park	Archery		Gun		Muzzleloader	
	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit	Dates	Harvest Limit
Buckhorn State Park	Sept. 16- Nov. 16 & Nov. 27- Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	NA	NA	NA	NA
Big Bay State Park	Oct. 15 - Nov. 16 & Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	NA	NA
Newport State Park	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 27- Dec. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Rock Island State Park	Oct. 15 - Nov. 16 & Nov. 27- Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 27- Dec. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Straight Lake State Park	NA	NA	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 27- Dec. 6	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.
Tussockia- Park Falls State Trail	Nov. 27 - Jan. 7	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	Nov. 18- Nov. 26	One deer per valid, unused carcass tag.	NA	NA

NA = Not Applicable (no season)






For information on state parks located in the CWD Zones, please refer to the 2006 CWD Deer Hunting Regulations.

Don't Move Firewood

*You can help reduce spreading pests and diseases
in Wisconsin forests, parks and neighborhoods
by being careful about moving firewood.*



Don't give pests and diseases a free ride.

-  Don't move firewood long distances.
-  Obtain firewood within 50 miles of where you plan to use it.
-  Don't move firewood from areas infested with emerald ash borer.
-  Rough wood products like pallets and slabs can also carry harmful insects and diseases.
-  Firewood that is two years old, kiln dried, or without bark poses less risk than fresh wood with bark.



Due to the threat of emerald ash borer, Wisconsin DNR now prohibits the movement of out-of-state firewood into State Parks and other recreational areas managed by DNR. Tighter restrictions regarding firewood on state properties may be in place by 2007.

For more information about invasive species and the harmful effects from moving infested firewood, visit these Web sites:

 dnr.wi.gov/invasives/firewood

 emeraldashborer.info

 gypsymoth.wi.gov

or call 1-877-303-WOOD (9663)



State-Owned Lands (Including State Forests)

State owned lands are maintained for, open to, and used by multiple types of outdoor recreation enthusiasts. While hunters are an important part of wildlife management on state owned lands, they are not the only users of these areas. Hunters should be especially aware of all other user groups when hunting. Remain respectful and courteous to others when sharing the woods, and promote ethical, responsible hunting. Check with your local DNR land manager for details about recreation opportunities that occur at the specific property where you hunt.

It is illegal to:

- hunt or possess any firearm or bow in any wildlife refuge or possess any firearm, air gun, slingshot or bow in any state park, state fish hatchery, or within 100 yards of any state campground or picnic area (except as posted open to deer or small game hunting) unless it is unloaded and enclosed within a carrying case, or in the case of a bow/crossbow, unstrung or enclosed within a carrying case.
- pursue, drive or chase animals on lands under the ownership or control of the DNR that are closed to hunting.
- build or use a ground blind or any elevated device on lands owned or under the control of the DNR unless it does not damage the tree and it is completely removed from the property each day at the close of hunting hours. This also includes lands enrolled in the Managed Forest Law (MFL) and Forest Crop Law (FCL) programs, however this does not apply to the owners of land enrolled in the program or those who have the landowner's authorization. **New for 2006:** All tree stands that are not occupied shall have the owner's customer ID number or name and address attached in a manner that is visible and legible to a person on the ground. **Note:** Ground blinds may be constructed entirely of dead vegetation found on the property.
- damage trees on state-owned lands including MFL and FCL lands.
Note: The cutting of shooting lanes and use of screw-in tree-stands or steps are considered damaging and are illegal.
- possess any loaded or uncased firearm or air gun while within the exterior boundary of state-owned lands posted with department signs in Dane, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Jefferson, Juneau, Kenosha, La Crosse, Milwaukee, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Sauk, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha and Winnebago counties or on state forest lands in the Kettle Moraine or Point Beach state forests, state recreation areas or on state trails established on abandoned railroad grades, except as follows:
 1. while engaged in hunting in accordance with the open deer seasons which are listed by unit in this pamphlet or the CWD regulations pamphlet.
 2. while engaged in hunting in accordance with open hunting seasons listed in the *2006 Small Game Hunting Regulations*.
 3. while shooting at an established target range (this is the only target shooting permitted on state lands).
- operate any vehicle, including, but not limited to, snowmobiles, bicycles, trail bikes, and all terrain vehicles on lands owned or under the control of the DNR, except where their use is authorized by posted notice or permit or in the case of Managed Forest Law and Forest Crop Law lands, authorization of the landowner. This prohibition does not apply to public roadways and trails held open to the public for the type of vehicle being operated.
- camp on any state lands except in designated campgrounds unless a special camp registration permit is obtained from the DNR prior to setting up camp.

Federal Lands

Portions of National Forests, National Wildlife Refuges (NWR) and Waterfowl Production Areas (WPA) are open to hunting and trapping in accordance with state and federal regulations. Federal regulations will vary. ***In order to avoid violating federal regulations contact the office of the CNNE, NWR or WPA you will be hunting at to get regulations specific to that property*** (see numbers below). Additional information may be obtained from the Web at midwest.fws.gov

Chequamegon-Nicolet National Forest information:

Headquarters Offices – Park Falls: 715-762-2461, TTY 715-762-5701 and Rhinelander: 715-362-1300, TTY 715-362-1383.

Additional information and regulations may be found on the web at www.fs.fed.us/r9/cnnf/.

Horicon NWR- Mayville, WI 920-387-2658

Fox River NWR- (Marquette County) contact the Horicon office 920-387-2658

Necedah NWR- Necedah, WI 608-565-2551

Trempealeau NWR- Trempealeau, WI 608-539-2311

Whittlesey Creek NWR- Ashland, WI 715-685-2678

Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife and Fish Refuge- Winona, MN 507-452-4232

Leopold Wetland Management District (WMD)- Portage, WI 608-742-7100

Contact this office for information regarding WPAs in the southeast.

St. Croix WMD- New Richmond, WI 715-246-7784

Contact this office for information regarding WPAs in the northwest.

National Wildlife Refuge and Waterfowl Production Area Regulations

The following is a partial list of general NWR and WPA regulations. Be sure to check with the property you will be hunting on for complete regulations. Additional federal regulations may be listed elsewhere in this pamphlet.

It is illegal to:

- Possess any firearm, bow, or other weapons unless engaged in legal hunting.
Note: Concealed weapons, including those approved by permit, are illegal anytime.
- Build or use a ground blind or any elevated device, unless it does not damage the tree (i.e. no use of screws, nails, etc.) **and** it is completely removed from the property each day at the close of hunting hours.
- Construct permanent blinds out of manmade materials, except in pool 12 on the UMRNWR. **Note:** Portable blinds constructed of manmade materials are allowed, but must be removed from the property each day at the close of hunting hours.
- Possess alcoholic beverages while hunting.
- Camp, horseback ride, have overnight use or campfires on WPAs.
- Shine wild animals at any time.
- Hunt with the use of any type of bait, including salt or mineral blocks.

Tribal Lands

Special rules apply on tribal lands in portions or all of Ashland, Bayfield, Forest, Iron, Menominee, Oneida, Sawyer, and Vilas counties. For more information, contact the tribal chairpersons.

Special Hunts

Many of the deadlines for special hunts occur prior to the publication of this pamphlet. If you are interested in these hunts, note the deadlines for 2007.

New for 2006: Two-day Youth Gun Deer Hunt

- Open to persons 12–15 years of age (resident or non-resident) who possess a Wisconsin Hunter Education certificate of accomplishment (or similar certificate recognized by the Department from another state, province or country) and a Gun Deer License.
- May harvest a deer of either sex **with a gun** on **Saturday, October 7** and **Sunday, October 8** in any Deer Management Unit statewide, except state park units, non-quota units, and those portions of units west of the BNSFRR which are posted closed to hunting.
- The bag limit is one buck and additional antlerless deer with the appropriate carcass tag.
- Buck deer must be tagged with the youth hunter's Gun Buck Deer Carcass Tag. Youth hunters may harvest as many antlerless deer as they have valid tags for.
- Allowable types of firearms are those authorized for the regular gun deer season.
- Earn-A-Buck restrictions do apply in EAB units.
- Adults may not gun deer hunt during the two-day Youth Gun Deer Hunt.
- Youth hunters shall be accompanied by a parent or guardian (at least 18 years of age) even if the youth is 14 or 15 and holds a Hunter Education Certificate.
- One adult may not accompany more than two youth hunters and all other hunting regulations apply, including blaze orange clothing requirements.

Educational Hunts:

- **Buckhorn State Park and Wildlife Area:** Deer hunting is offered to youth 12–16 years old who complete a “Learn to Hunt Workshop.” For applications and information regarding dates and fees, write or call Buckhorn State Park at W8450 Buckhorn Park Avenue, Necedah, WI 54646-7338; Phone 608-565-2789. *Applications for 2007 are due July 15, 2007.*
- **Sandhill Outdoor Skills Center:** Deer hunting is offered to youth and beginner adults who complete a “Learn to Deer Hunt Workshop.” For dates and fees, write or call the Center at Box 156, Babcock, WI 54413; 715-884-2437. *Applications for 2007 are due May 31, 2007.*

Disabled Deer Hunts: Oct. 7–Oct. 15, 2006. Interested disabled hunters who wish to participate in 2006, should contact the nearest DNR Service Center or disabled deer hunt sponsor before **September 1st**. People who wish to sponsor a deer hunt for people with Class A and C disabled permits **in 2007** must submit an application to their local wildlife manager by **June 1, 2007**. A list of sponsors can be found at dnr.wi.gov.

Badger Army Ammunition Plant: For hunting information send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to: Commander's Representative, Badger Army Ammunition Plant, ATTN: SMCBA-NR, Baraboo, WI 53913-5000.

Volk Field Military Facility/Deer Hunting: For hunting information send a self-addressed, stamped business envelope (8 3/4" X 3 3/4") to: Attn: Natural Resources Management, Volk Field ANGB, 100 Independence Dr., Camp Douglas, WI 54618-5001. Website: www.volkfield.ang.af.mil/dnrdan/index.html.

Fort McCoy Military Reservation: Applications for hunting permits may be obtained by sending a self-addressed stamped envelope to: Directorate of Training,

Mobilization and Security, AFRC-FM-TMR-B (Permit Sales), 110 E. Headquarters Rd., Fort McCoy WI 54656-5226. Applications may also be obtained from the Web site at www.mccoy.army.mil. Applications are available at the end of February. Information: 608-388-3337.

Apostle Islands (Deer Management Unit 79): Permits are required to participate in the Oct. 1-31 muzzleloader season. ***Permit applications are accepted between June 15 and July 15.*** Contact the Apostle Islands National Lakeshore for application forms and further information through email: APIS_resource_issues@nps.gov; writing: Superintendent, Apostle Islands National Lake Shore, Rt. 1, Box 4, Bayfield, WI 54814; or by phone: 715-779-3397. Madeline and Long Islands are open to regular statewide seasons.

Private Lands and Landowner Information

License Requirements: A landowner is required to have a license to hunt deer. The owner or occupant of any land and any immediate family member 12 years old and over living with them, may, ***without a license*** and subject to all other restrictions except seasons, hunt on their own property for beaver, foxes, coyotes, raccoons, woodchucks, rabbits, squirrels and unprotected species causing damage or a nuisance year-round. However, hunting is not allowed during the 24-hour period immediately preceding the regular 9-day gun deer season (see *Small Game Hunting Regulations* pamphlet for more details).

Liability: Under sec. 895.52 of the Wisconsin Statutes, landowners are generally immune from liability for injuries received by individuals recreating on their lands. This law provides liability protection for landowners from injury or death of individuals occurring when participating in outdoor recreation activities on their land such as fishing, hunting, trapping, hiking, camping, boating and berry picking. This immunity does not apply when the landowner receives more than \$2,000 a year income from the recreation activity or when the landowner acted maliciously with an intent to harm the recreator. There also is an exception for social guests invited specifically for an occasion on residential or platted property or property within 300 feet of a commercial building or structure. Courts have consistently interpreted this statute to protect landowners in furtherance of its purpose, to encourage landowners to allow others to recreate on their lands.

Trespassing: Landowners suspecting that individuals are trespassing on their property should **contact their local Sheriff's Department or other local law enforcement agency**. Conservation Wardens do not have the authority to investigate trespassing complaints. Any person convicted of trespassing is subject to a penalty of up to \$1,383. According to s. 943.13, of the Wisconsin Statutes, it is illegal to:

- enter land of another without the express or implied consent of the owner or occupant of the land, or
- enter or remain on land after having been notified by the owner or occupant not to enter or remain. A person has received notice from the owner or occupant if he or she has been notified personally, either orally or in writing, or if the land is posted.

Remember: Although hunters are required to make a reasonable effort to retrieve game they have killed or injured, hunters may not trespass to retrieve such game, even if the game was shot from outside the posted area. ***Ask first for permission.***

Farmer Antlerless Deer Carcass Tags: Eligible resident farm owners can receive one free Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag for each Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag they

Private Lands *continued*

purchase in units that have carcass tags available beginning at noon on August 26. To qualify, a majority of the land on the farm must be used on a commercial basis and for an agricultural purpose to provide income during the year that the permit is valid. In addition, the farm must be located in whole or partially in the DMU for which the landowner is requesting the free tag. If there are joint owners or vendee names under a land contract, only one of the owners is eligible for the free Antlerless Deer Carcass Tag.

Managed Forest Lands: Landowners enrolled in either the Forest Crop Law or the Managed Forest Law programs are not required to remove elevated tree stands daily (from land they own as long as no damage is done to the tree). This exception can also be granted to other individuals using the landowner’s property with the landowner’s prior permission. In addition, owners of land enrolled in these programs and individuals authorized by the landowner can operate vehicles and park on these lands.

Baiting and Feeding Deer and Other Wild Animals

The following regulations pertaining to baiting and feeding are divided into two parts of the state—those counties where baiting and feeding deer is prohibited, and those areas where baiting and feeding of deer is allowed with a 2 gallon limit.

Counties where baiting is NOT allowed

Placing bait for hunting purposes is prohibited in the following counties:
Adams, Calumet, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Dodge, Grant, Green, Iowa, Jefferson, Juneau, Kenosha, Lafayette, Manitowoc, Marquette, Milwaukee, Portage, Racine, Richland, Rock, Sauk, Sheboygan, Vernon, Walworth, Waukesha, and Waushara Counties.

In these counties, no person may place, use or hunt over bait or feed material for the purpose of hunting deer or other game (except bear).



Scents: Scent may be used for hunting deer or other wild animals, but the scent may not be placed or deposited in a manner that it is accessible for consumption by deer, and scents shall be removed daily at the end of hunting hours established for deer. However, two ounces or less of scent may be placed, used or deposited in any manner for hunting deer and does not need to be removed daily at the end of hunting hours.

Natural Vegetation and Plantings: You may hunt with the aid of material deposited by natural vegetation or material found solely as a result of normal agricultural or gardening practices, or with the aid of crops planted and left standing as wildlife food plots.

Counties where baiting deer is allowed

In the remainder of the state (except for U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service lands), baiting for deer hunting purposes is allowed under the following conditions:

Amount: No person may place, use or hunt over more than 2 gallons of bait or feed at any feeding or baiting site.

Placement: No person may place, use or hunt over:

- More than 2 gallons of bait on each contiguous area of land under the same ownership that is less than 40 acres in size, or for each full 40 acres that make up a contiguous area of land under the same ownership (note: parcels of land that do not touch but are separated only by a town, county or state highway are considered contiguous). **Note:** Bait may be spread out or divided into more than one pile as long as the total amount of bait or feed material is not more than 2 gallons per forty acres.
- Any baiting or feeding site that is located within 100 yards of any other feeding site located on the same contiguous area of land under the same ownership.
- Any baiting or feeding site if the person doing the hunting is within 100 yards of more than 2 gallons of bait or feed located on the same parcel of land.
- Any baiting or feeding site that is located within 50 yards of any trail, road, or campsite used by the public, or within 100 yards from a roadway, having a posted speed limit of 45 miles per hour or more.

Timing: No person may:

- Place, use or hunt over bait or feed for hunting purposes during the closed season for hunting deer, but may place bait for deer hunting up to 24 hours prior to the deer archery and the deer gun seasons. (Note: The 24-hour period is the period from 12:00 am to 11:59 pm on the day immediately before the season.)
- Hunt over bait or a feeding site that is in violation of these regulations, unless the area is completely free of bait or feed material for at least 10 consecutive days prior to hunting, pursuing animals or dog training.

Content: No person may place, use or hunt over any bait or feed material that:

- Contains any animal part or animal by-product (liquid scents are legal).
Note: Animal parts and by-products include honey, bones, fish, meat, solid animal fat, animal carcasses, or parts of animal carcasses.
- Is contained in or deposited by a feeder that is designed to deposit or replenish feed automatically, mechanically, or by gravity.
- Contains or is contained within, metal, paper, plastic, glass, wood or other similar processed materials. This does not apply to scent materials.

License: No person may use or hunt over bait or feed material placed for deer without possessing an appropriate valid Archery or Gun Deer License and valid, unused carcass tag.

Statewide Wildlife Feeding Prohibition and Exceptions

State law generally prohibits all feeding of wild animals statewide. However, the following feeding activities are allowed:

- Material placed solely for the purpose of attracting wild birds and small mammals when the feed is placed in a bird feeding device at a sufficient height or design to prevent access by deer and only when the device is no further than 50 yards from an owner-occupied residence or a business open to the public.
Feeders that deer can access are considered in violation and must be modified, raised or fenced to exclude deer.
- Feeding of wild animals, **other than deer, elk, or bear**, by hand is allowed if the feed is not more than 30 feet away from the person feeding, and the person feeding makes all reasonable attempts to clean up the unconsumed feed before moving a distance greater than 30 feet away from the deposited feed.
- Feed that is deposited by natural vegetation or found solely as a result of normal agricultural or gardening practices.
- Crops planted and left standing as wildlife food plots, which may be used by wild animals.
- Placing plain drinking water for drinking or bird baths.
- Planting bushes, plants and trees for the purposes of attracting wildlife. Vegetation that provides food, cover, or shelter will help attract wildlife to your property.

Note: It is not legal to feed deer, even for recreational viewing purposes, in counties where baiting deer is prohibited.

Counties where feeding deer is allowed

In counties where it is legal to bait deer for hunting, it is also legal to feed deer for recreational viewing. However, the the following regulations apply:

- Each owner-occupied residence or business open to the public may place out **no more than 2 gallons** of feed.
- The feed must be located **within 50 yards** of an owner-occupied residence or a business open to the public.
- The feed **may not** be located within 100 yards of a roadway with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or more.
- It is **illegal** to use a feeder that replenishes or distributes food automatically, mechanically, or by means of gravity (i.e. automated feeders).

Owner-occupied residence means a dwelling devoted to human occupancy that is used as a residence by the owner, members of the owner's immediate family, or when used as a residence by individuals as a rental property. When a residence is not being used as a residence it is not legal to feed deer there.

Business open to the public means a business building that allows the general public to enter and access the building.

Note: It is not legal to feed deer, even for recreational viewing purposes, in counties where baiting deer is prohibited.

Baiting and Feeding Frequently Asked Questions

What exactly is considered bait?

Bait is any material that is placed or used to attract wild animals, including scent materials, salt, minerals, grains, etc. Water is not considered bait.

What is considered a scent material?

Scent is any material, except animal parts or by-products, used to attract wild animals solely by its odor.

Can I use an automatic or elevated feeder to bait or feed deer?

No. It is not legal to use these types of feeders for baiting deer for hunting or for feeding wild deer for viewing purposes.

Does the 2 gallons per 40 acres also apply to public land?

Yes. If a hunter wants to place more than 2 gallons of bait or more than one bait site on any public hunting land, then the hunter will need to make sure that each bait site does not exceed 2 gallons and they do not place more than 2 gallons for each 40 acres of public land that is contiguous, and that each site is more than 100 yards from any other bait site placed by them or another.

What if my neighbor has a bait site on his property that is less than 100 yards from my stand where I want to place a bait site?

The 100 yard rule does not apply to bait sites that are located on an adjacent property which has a different owner. Where you place your one bait site on your land is not affected or restricted by where a neighbor places their bait site, on their land.

If there are 4 members in my hunting party, can we each place 2 gallons of bait?

Yes, but each bait site must be at least 100 yards apart and the hunters may not hunt within 100 yards of more than one site (or 2 gallons of bait) at a time. So, if more than one hunter will be placing a bait site on the same property, the hunters may not hunt from any location that allows them to use more than 2 gallons or be within 100 yards of more than one bait site. Hunting halfway between 2 bait sites located less than 200 yards apart is not legal. Keeping all bait sites at least 200 yards apart will eliminate the risk of violating the hunting within 100 yards of more than one bait site restriction.

I have more than one stand on my 40 acres. Can I maintain a bait site at each location for myself, or for other hunters?

Provided all of the bait sites combined do not contain more than 2 gallons total, yes; however, no one, including family members, may place out another hunter's 2 gallons of bait.

If I own or hunt on a 50 acre or larger parcel, how many bait sites can I have?

Only 2 gallons may be placed by each hunter on any property less than 80 acres in size. Each hunter may place up to 2 gallons of bait for each property under the same ownership regardless of the size of the property. If the property is larger than 40 acres, then each hunter may place an additional 2-gallons of bait for each additional full 40 acres of contiguous land under the same ownership if the bait sites are at least 100 yards away from any other bait site.

Note:

1. Hunters that only plan to place one bait site for hunting purposes do not need to worry about how many acres they own or have permission to hunt on.

2. Hunters that plan to place more than one bait site for hunting purposes will need to be familiar with the location and boundaries of the property they will be hunting and baiting. Each hunter is limited to two gallons of bait per site, and one site for each full 40 acres of land that make up the property.

Can I hunt over someone else's bait site? Can someone else hunt over my bait site?

Yes. If it is a legally placed bait site, there is no restriction on how many hunters use that one bait site. This applies to both public and private lands. Placing a bait site out on public lands does not reserve that area for the exclusive use of the hunter who places the bait.

If I only hunt deer during the firearm season and do not bow hunt, when can I start baiting for deer?

Placement of bait for deer hunting can be done during any open season for deer hunting and the day before the season opens. So, the day before the archery deer season opens is the first day you may begin to place out bait for deer, and all baiting for deer must stop when all the deer seasons have closed for that area.

In areas where deer baiting is not allowed, what CAN I USE to attract deer closer to my stand if I can't use bait?

Use of the following are legal statewide:

- Decoys
- Scents
- Naturally occurring material (such as acorns), deposited by natural vegetation, that is not collected and relocated in any manner.
- Crops planted and left standing as wildlife food plots.
- Material deposited solely as a result of normal agricultural or gardening practices and not collected and relocated for hunting or other purposes.

Are there any restrictions on scent material?

The following rules apply statewide:

- Up to 2 ounces of scent (liquid or solid) may be placed or used in any manner (on the ground, scrapes, branches, etc.)
- Any scent material over 2 ounces must not be accessible to deer and must be removed daily at the end of hunting hours for deer.
- Honey and solid animal parts or animal by-products may not be used as scent.

Can I still place out salt or mineral blocks or material?

In counties where baiting and feeding of deer is prohibited, no. These materials are considered bait and are not legal. In the remainder of the state, you may only place these materials during the open seasons for deer hunting, and may not exceed the 2 gallon limit per bait site or per 40 acres.

What is the penalty for illegal placement or use of bait material?

A bond amount for a citation issued for illegal bait or baiting is currently set at \$530. The maximum penalty which can be imposed by the court is \$2,138 and loss of all hunting, trapping and fishing privileges for up to 3 years. The penalty for the illegal feeding of wildlife is \$329.

For more information, including graphics of legal baiting and feeding activities, go to: <http://dnr.wi.gov/org/land/wildlife/bait.htm>.

Chronic Wasting Disease Update

For specific regulations, season structure and tagging information, see the separate 2006 CWD Hunting Regulations pamphlet.

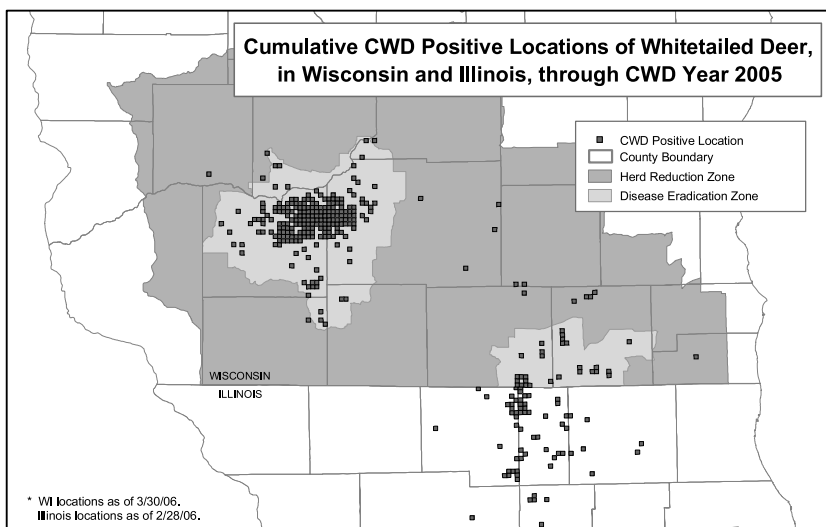
Note: Chronic wasting disease (CWD) belongs to a group of fatal diseases of animals known as transmissible spongiform encephalopathies or TSEs. Other TSEs include scrapie in sheep, bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE, also called "mad cow disease") in cattle, and Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease of humans. TSEs are thought to be caused by an abnormal form of a protein called a prion. Infection occurs by conversion of normal prion proteins into a disease-associated, misfolded form that is highly resistant to degradation. CWD is characterized by slow accumulation of abnormal prions in nervous and lymphatic tissues of deer, moose, and elk. Clinical signs of the disease typically appear after more than 1.5 years, as accumulation of prions causes microscopic holes in brain tissues. Animals in later stages of the disease exhibit behavioral changes and progressive weight loss. Currently, there are no proven treatments or vaccines for prion diseases and all infections are believed fatal.

The discovery of CWD in southern Wisconsin represents a significant threat to the state's white-tailed deer population and the culture of deer hunting in the state. Wisconsin has more than 700,000 deer hunters who have harvested an average of 460,000 deer annually during the past decade. Deer hunting contributes more than 7 million days of recreation each year. Deer hunting annually generates more than \$500 million dollars in retail sales and nearly \$1 billion in total impact to the state's economy. Deer are also important to non-hunters. In 2001, an estimated 2.2 million state residents participated in wildlife-watching activities and deer are among the most popular species for wildlife watching. In addition, nearly 300,000 nonresidents made trips to Wisconsin in 2001 to observe wildlife.

Wildlife disease experts have concluded that in the absence of management intervention, CWD will most likely increase in prevalence and distribution. There is no evidence that CWD will "burn itself out" if left alone. Further there is no evidence of genetic resistance to CWD in white-tailed deer or mule deer. A simulation model suggests that if left unmanaged over the next 10-30 years, CWD will spread widely throughout Wisconsin and will substantially increase in prevalence to more than 40% of adult deer. The model simulations are consistent with recent findings from Colorado that have shown increases in prevalence and distribution over the past few years in numerous local populations. Prevalence on some local winter ranges now exceeds 25-30%. In addition, the known affected area in both Colorado and Wyoming has expanded to the west and northwest more than 100 miles during the past 5 years.

Should the prevalence and distribution of CWD increase dramatically in Wisconsin, the disease could severely impact the social and economic stability of the communities that depend on hunting. A dramatic decrease in hunters could have significant effects on the economic vitality of rural communities that are dependent on hunting revenue, the preservation of cultural and family traditions, management and control of deer populations, wildlife agency revenue, and public support for wildlife management.

An extensive CWD surveillance program has been conducted starting in fall 2002. Through May 2006, over 100,000 deer have been tested from across the state. Sample intensity has been sufficient in the majority of the state to have a high



degree of confidence that CWD would have been detected if it exists at 1% prevalence. *This fall we will be doing a second round of disease testing in our West Central Region of the state. We encourage hunters to seek out those registration stations where we are sampling deer to help us check for CWD in that part of the state.* We found no positive deer during a similar effort in our Northeast Region in 2005 and we thank all the hunters who helped by bringing deer to us for testing.

As of May 2006, a total of 651 free-ranging deer have tested positive for CWD. Of these, 632 were from the Disease Eradication Zone and 19 were from the Herd Reduction Zone. The southeast cases are adjacent to an outbreak in northeastern Illinois where 142 CWD positive deer have been found since 2002.

Analysis of the sex and age composition of positive deer has shown that very few fawns are infected; only 13 out of more than 8,600 tested in the Disease Eradication Zone. Disease prevalence increases with age and the rate of increase is faster in males than in females. Only 2-3% of yearling females and males from the core area have tested positive for CWD. This increased to 4-5% of females and 10% of males for deer 2 years old or older.

Management programs to combat CWD should be regarded as long-term commitments of personnel and funding.

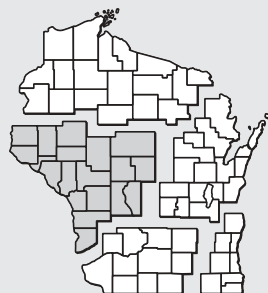
Successfully eradicating CWD from Wisconsin will require a sustained effort over many years, necessitating cooperation and communication among natural resource and agricultural agencies, hunters, landowners, and captive cervid producers. Although this will be a long-term effort, aggressive management early in the program is important to contain the spread of CWD, to minimize the size of the affected area and shorten the time required to eradicate the disease.

We offer our heartfelt thanks to all that are doing their part to help us control this disease in Wisconsin. We can not succeed without your help.

The DNR will operate a toll-free CWD information line during regular business hours.
1-877-WISC-CWD (1-877-947-2293)

2006 Deer Season Surveillance will be held in the West Central Region.

Counties where testing will occur include Adams, Buffalo, Chippewa, Clark, Crawford, Dunn, Eau Claire, Jackson, Juneau, La Crosse, Marathon, Monroe, Pepin, Pierce, Portage, St. Croix, Trempealeau, Vernon, and Wood.



How to Hang a Deer by the Hind Legs

Due to the discovery of Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) in Wisconsin, thousands of deer heads are tested for the disease every year. In order to effectively monitor the disease, the Department conducts surveillance outside of the CWD zone. Each year, a different region outside of the infected area has registration stations collecting heads for sampling. We ask that hunters donate their deer heads to aid in the monitoring of CWD.

Hanging the deer from the hind legs is just as easy and efficient a way to process a deer as hanging the deer from the head.

We encourage you to use the hind leg hanging method so that the deer's head can be donated to surveillance efforts.



1. Cut a slit between the large, long tendon and bone of the hind legs. Be careful not to touch the musk gland for risk of tainting the meat with the musky smell. This gland is the tuft of long dark hair on the outside of each hind leg below the hock. Sawing the legs off is no longer recommended.

2. Insert an end of the gambrel into each of the slits. A "homemade" gambrel can easily be made from a sturdy wood or metal dowel. The gambrel should now be between the two hind legs.

3. Hoist the deer up using a pulley, rafter, tree branch, etc. so it is hanging head down. For information on how to butcher your deer, visit dnr.wi.gov.

*The practice of cutting through bone is no longer recommended. In addition, eating the viscera or internal organs of a deer is also not recommended.

Safe Handling of Deer

Chronic Wasting Disease has been known to occur in deer and elk in western states for decades. In spite of ongoing surveillance for similar diseases in humans, there has never been an instance of people contracting a CWD-related disease from butchering or eating venison.

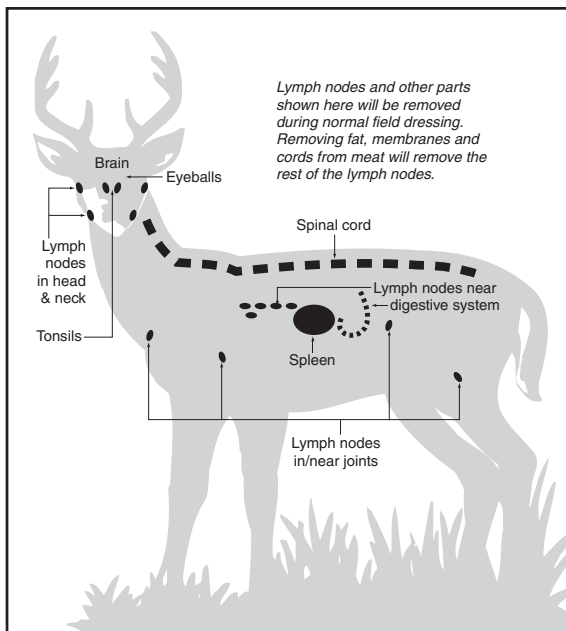
Experts suggest simple precautions that hunters field dressing deer and processors should take when handling deer in areas where CWD is found:

General Precautions

- Do not eat the eyes, brain, spinal cord, spleen, tonsils or lymph nodes of any deer.
- Do not eat any part of a deer that appears abnormal.
- If your deer is sampled for CWD testing, wait for test results before eating meat.

Hunters

- **Wear rubber or latex gloves** when field dressing carcasses.
- **Bone out the meat** from your animal.
- **Remove** all internal organs.
- **Minimize the handling** of brain, spinal cord, spleen and lymph nodes (lumps of tissue next to organs or in fat).
- **Do not use** household knives or utensils.
- **Use equipment dedicated** to field dressing only.
- **Clean knives and equipment** of residue and sanitize with household bleach. Use a solution of equal parts chlorine bleach and water. Wipe down countertops and let them dry. Soak items like knives one hour. When through, dilute the solution further and dump it down a drain.
- **Request that your animal be processed individually** and not combined with meat from other animals.
- **Avoid use of saws.** Do not cut through spine or skull except to remove the head. Use a knife designated only for this purpose.



Wisconsin Deer Donation 2006

Hunters, you can help feed needy people throughout Wisconsin this fall by taking five simple steps:

- Donate any legally harvested deer by dropping it off at a participating processor by January 7, 2007.
- Field dress the deer and register it at a Wisconsin DNR registration station prior to donating the deer.
- Call First! Contact one of the participating processors before dropping the deer off to verify the processor has space to accept your deer.
- Donate the entire deer to receive the processing for free (head and/or antlers may be removed for mounting).
- When dropping your deer off at a processor, please sign the simple log sheet indicating your desire to donate the deer. We'll do the rest. The donated deer will be processed and the venison will be distributed to charitable organizations to help feed Wisconsin's needy.

The 2006 deer donation program will begin accepting deer after August 1 to allow donations of deer shot under Agricultural Damage shooting permits. Hunters may make voluntary donations to help pay for the costs of deer processing when they buy their hunting license. Since 2002 hunters have donated over \$73,000 to help pay for deer processing for the needy.

Since the fall hunting season of 2000, hunters have donated over 42,000 deer which have provided nearly 2 million pounds of ground venison to needy families. A large network of volunteers including sports groups, church groups, civic organizations and food pantry staff work together to distribute the meat from the processors to the food pantries. USDA - Wildlife Services staff, DNR Wildlife Damage staff and county wildlife damage staff also help administer the program. Hunt For The Hungry, headed by Lee Dudek of northeast Wisconsin is also a strong partner in the 2006 Wisconsin Deer Donation program.

Please check our website <http://dnr.wi.gov/org/land/wildlife/damage/donation/mainindex.htm> for updates. Information on participating processors will be updated as soon as counties complete the contracts and forward this information to us. Thank you for your interest and good luck hunting!

Funded by Wisconsin's Wildlife Damage Abatement and Claims Program

<http://dnr.wi.gov/org/land/wildlife/damage/donation/mainindex.htm>

Be Responsible. Dispose of your deer carcasses properly.

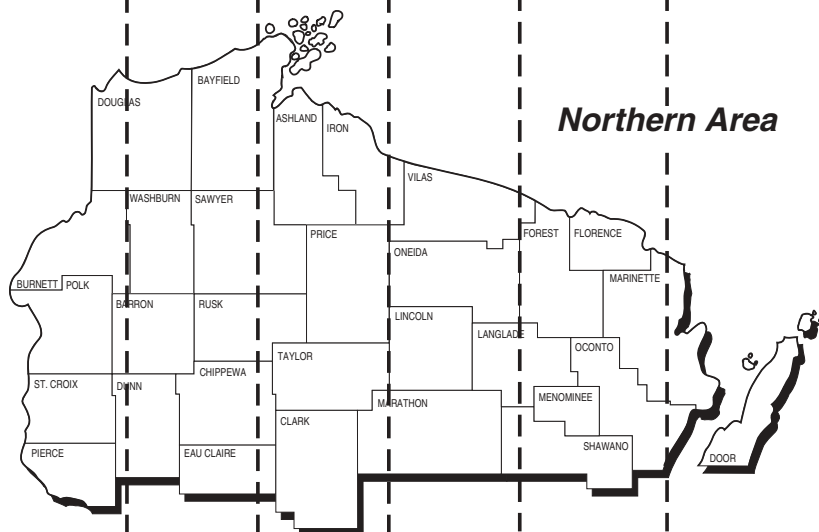
Leaving deer carcasses on state owned land or along roadways is illegal.

Check with your local waste management facility for instructions on proper disposal.

Northern Area Deer Hunting Hours 2006-2007: Zone A

Hours shown are 30 minutes before sunrise and 20 minutes after sunset.															
	Sept. 2006		Oct. 2006		Nov. 2006		Dec. 2006		Jan. 2007		Feb. 2007		Mar. 2007		
Date	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Date
1	5:41	7:48	6:18	6:50	6:00	4:57	6:40	4:28	7:01	4:37	6:42	5:16	5:59	5:57	1
2	5:42	7:46	6:20	6:48	6:01	4:55	6:42	4:27	7:01	4:37	6:41	5:17	5:57	5:58	2
3	5:44	7:44	6:21	6:47	6:03	4:54	6:43	4:27	7:01	4:38	6:39	5:19	5:56	5:59	3
4	5:45	7:42	6:22	6:45	6:04	4:53	6:44	4:27	7:01	4:39	6:38	5:20	5:54	6:01	4
5	5:46	7:41	6:23	6:43	6:06	4:51	6:45	4:26	7:01	4:40	6:37	5:22	5:52	6:02	5
6	5:47	7:39	6:25	6:41	6:07	4:50	6:46	4:26	7:01	4:42	6:36	5:23	5:50	6:03	6
7	5:49	7:37	6:26	6:39	6:08	4:49	6:47	4:26	7:00	4:43	6:34	5:25	5:48	6:05	7
8	5:50	7:35	6:27	6:37	6:10	4:47	6:48	4:26	7:00	4:44	6:33	5:26	5:46	6:06	8
9	5:51	7:33	6:29	6:35	6:11	4:46	6:49	4:26	7:00	4:45	6:32	5:28	5:45	6:08	9
10	5:52	7:31	6:30	6:33	6:13	4:45	6:50	4:26	6:59	4:46	6:30	5:29	5:43	6:09	10
11	5:53	7:29	6:31	6:32	6:14	4:44	6:51	4:26	6:59	4:47	6:29	5:31	6:41	7:10	11
12	5:55	7:27	6:33	6:30	6:15	4:43	6:52	4:26	6:59	4:48	6:27	5:32	6:39	7:12	12
13	5:56	7:25	6:34	6:28	6:17	4:41	6:52	4:26	6:58	4:50	6:26	5:34	6:37	7:13	13
14	5:57	7:23	6:35	6:26	6:18	4:40	6:53	4:26	6:58	4:51	6:24	5:35	6:35	7:14	14
15	5:58	7:21	6:37	6:24	6:20	4:39	6:54	4:27	6:57	4:52	6:23	5:37	6:33	7:16	15
16	6:00	7:19	6:38	6:23	6:21	4:38	6:55	4:27	6:57	4:54	6:21	5:38	6:31	7:17	16
17	6:01	7:17	6:39	6:21	**	**	6:55	4:27	6:56	4:55	6:19	5:39	6:30	7:18	17
18	6:02	7:16	6:41	6:19	6:24	4:36	6:56	4:27	6:55	4:56	6:18	5:41	6:28	7:20	18
19	6:03	7:14	6:42	6:18	6:25	4:35	6:57	4:28	6:55	4:58	6:16	5:42	6:26	7:21	19
20	6:05	7:12	6:43	6:16	6:26	4:35	6:57	4:28	6:54	4:59	6:15	5:44	6:24	7:22	20
21	6:06	7:10	6:45	6:14	6:28	4:34	6:58	4:29	6:53	5:00	6:13	5:45	6:22	7:24	21
22	6:07	7:08	6:46	6:12	6:29	4:33	6:58	4:29	6:52	5:02	6:11	5:47	6:20	7:25	22
23	6:08	7:06	6:47	6:11	6:30	4:32	6:59	4:30	6:51	5:03	6:10	5:48	6:18	7:26	23
24	6:10	7:04	6:49	6:09	6:32	4:32	6:59	4:30	6:50	5:04	6:08	5:50	6:16	7:28	24
25	6:11	7:02	6:50	6:08	6:33	4:31	7:00	4:31	6:49	5:06	6:06	5:51	6:14	7:29	25
26	6:12	7:00	6:52	6:06	6:34	4:30	7:00	4:32	6:48	5:07	6:04	5:52	6:12	7:30	26
27	6:13	6:58	6:53	6:04	6:36	4:30	7:00	4:32	6:47	5:09	6:03	5:54	6:10	7:32	27
28	6:15	6:56	6:54	6:03	6:37	4:29	7:00	4:33	6:46	5:10	6:01	5:55	6:08	7:33	28
29	6:16	6:54	5:56	5:01	6:38	4:29	7:01	4:34	6:45	5:12			6:07	7:34	29
30	6:17	6:52	5:57	5:00	6:39	4:28	7:01	4:35	6:44	5:13			6:05	7:35	30
31			5:59	4:58			7:01	4:36	6:43	5:15			6:03	7:37	31
** Firearm hunting prohibited November 17 except for waterfowl hunting, hunting on licensed bird hunting preserves, and hunting small game in CWD Zones.															

Zone F | Zone E | Zone D | Zone C | Zone B | Zone A
 + 20 min. | + 16 min. | + 12 min. | + 8 min. | + 4 min. | in table



Calculating Hunting Hours: Determine your location in the Northern Area and add the minutes shown in the zone in which you are hunting to the opening and closing times listed in the Northern Area Hunting Hours table.

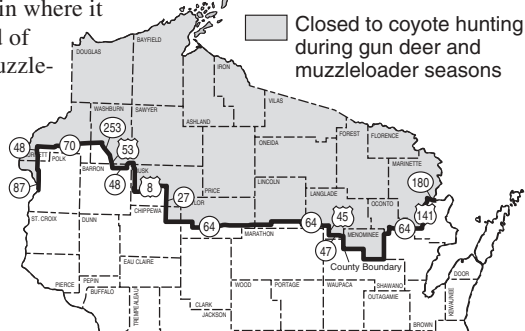
Night Hunting: Coyote, fox, raccoon or unprotected species may be hunted *without* hunting hour restrictions except:

1. During the bow deer seasons when hunting hours listed in the table on page 50 apply to bow hunting all species.
2. During the regular gun deer season from November 18 – November 26 when normal hunting hours apply to hunting all species.

Note: This restriction does not apply during the muzzleloader, CWD deer seasons, or antlerless only deer hunts.

Blaze orange requirements do not apply to those hunters participating in legal night hunting from 1/2 hour after sunset to 1/2 hour before sunrise.

Coyote Season is open all year statewide, *except* in northern Wisconsin where it closes for the 19 day period of the regular gun deer and muzzleloader deer seasons and the Dec. 7-10 Herd Control deer hunts. Coyote season is open during the October 7-8 youth deer hunt.



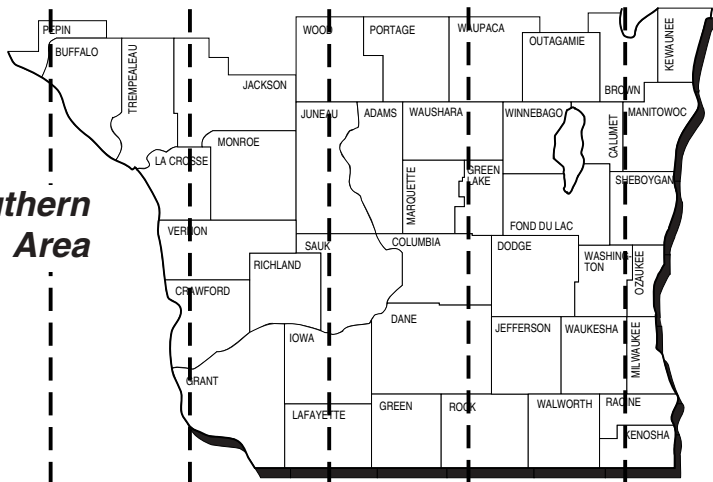
Southern Area Deer Hunting Hours 2006 – 2007: Zone A

Hours shown are 30 minutes before sunrise and 20 minutes after sunset.															
	Sept. 2006		Oct. 2006		Nov. 2006		Dec. 2006		Jan. 2007		Feb. 2007		Mar. 2007		
Date	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Date
1	5:44	7:47	6:18	6:52	5:57	5:02	6:35	4:35	6:55	4:44	6:38	5:22	5:58	5:59	1
2	5:46	7:45	6:20	6:50	5:58	5:00	6:36	4:35	6:55	4:45	6:37	5:23	5:56	6:01	2
3	5:47	7:43	6:21	6:48	5:59	4:59	6:37	4:34	6:55	4:46	6:36	5:24	5:55	6:02	3
4	5:48	7:41	6:22	6:47	6:01	4:58	6:38	4:34	6:55	4:47	6:35	5:26	5:53	6:03	4
5	5:49	7:39	6:23	6:45	6:02	4:56	6:39	4:34	6:55	4:48	6:33	5:27	5:51	6:04	5
6	5:50	7:38	6:24	6:43	6:03	4:55	6:40	4:34	6:55	4:49	6:32	5:28	5:50	6:06	6
7	5:51	7:36	6:26	6:41	6:05	4:54	6:41	4:34	6:54	4:50	6:31	5:30	5:48	6:07	7
8	5:52	7:34	6:27	6:39	6:06	4:53	6:42	4:34	6:54	4:51	6:30	5:31	5:46	6:08	8
9	5:53	7:32	6:28	6:38	6:07	4:52	6:43	4:34	6:54	4:52	6:28	5:33	5:44	6:09	9
10	5:55	7:30	6:29	6:36	6:09	4:51	6:44	4:34	6:54	4:53	6:27	5:34	5:43	6:11	10
11	5:56	7:29	6:30	6:34	6:10	4:49	6:45	4:34	6:53	4:55	6:26	5:35	6:41	7:12	11
12	5:57	7:27	6:32	6:33	6:11	4:48	6:45	4:34	6:53	4:56	6:24	5:37	6:39	7:13	12
13	5:58	7:25	6:33	6:31	6:13	4:47	6:46	4:34	6:53	4:57	6:23	5:38	6:37	7:14	13
14	5:59	7:23	6:34	6:29	6:14	4:46	6:47	4:34	6:52	4:58	6:21	5:39	6:35	7:16	14
15	6:00	7:21	6:35	6:27	6:15	4:45	6:48	4:34	6:52	4:59	6:20	5:41	6:34	7:17	15
16	6:01	7:19	6:36	6:26	6:16	4:45	6:48	4:35	6:51	5:00	6:19	5:42	6:32	7:18	16
17	6:02	7:18	6:38	6:24	**	**	6:49	4:35	6:51	5:02	6:17	5:43	6:30	7:19	17
18	6:04	7:16	6:39	6:23	6:19	4:43	6:50	4:35	6:50	5:03	6:16	5:45	6:28	7:21	18
19	6:05	7:14	6:40	6:21	6:20	4:42	6:50	4:36	6:49	5:04	6:14	5:46	6:26	7:22	19
20	6:06	7:12	6:41	6:19	6:22	4:41	6:51	4:36	6:49	5:06	6:13	5:47	6:25	7:23	20
21	6:07	7:10	6:43	6:18	6:23	4:40	6:51	4:37	6:48	5:07	6:11	5:49	6:23	7:24	21
22	6:08	7:08	6:44	6:16	6:24	4:40	6:52	4:37	6:47	5:08	6:09	5:50	6:21	7:25	22
23	6:09	7:07	6:45	6:15	6:25	4:39	6:52	4:38	6:47	5:09	6:08	5:51	6:19	7:27	23
24	6:10	7:05	6:46	6:13	6:27	4:38	6:53	4:38	6:46	5:11	6:06	5:53	6:17	7:28	24
25	6:12	7:03	6:48	6:12	6:28	4:38	6:53	4:39	6:45	5:12	6:05	5:54	6:16	7:29	25
26	6:13	7:01	6:49	6:10	6:29	4:37	6:54	4:40	6:44	5:13	6:03	5:55	6:14	7:30	26
27	6:14	6:59	6:50	6:09	6:30	4:37	6:54	4:40	6:43	5:15	6:01	5:57	6:12	7:31	27
28	6:15	6:57	6:52	6:07	6:31	4:36	6:54	4:41	6:42	5:16	6:00	5:58	6:10	7:33	28
29	6:16	6:56	5:53	5:06	6:32	4:36	6:54	4:42	6:41	5:17			6:08	7:34	29
30	6:17	6:54	5:54	5:04	6:34	4:35	6:55	4:43	6:40	5:19			6:07	7:35	30
31			5:56	5:03			6:55	4:43	6:39	5:20			6:05	7:36	31

** Firearm hunting prohibited November 17 except for waterfowl hunting, hunting on licensed bird hunting preserves, and hunting small game in CWD Zones.

Zone F | Zone E | Zone D | Zone C | Zone B | Zone A
 + 20 min. | + 16 min. | + 12 min. | + 8 min. | + 4 min. | in table

Southern Area



Calculating Hunting Hours: Determine your location in the Southern Area and add the minutes shown in the zone in which you are hunting to the opening and closing times listed in the Southern Area Hunting Hours table.

Night Hunting: Coyote, fox, raccoon or unprotected species may be hunted *without* hunting hour restrictions except:

1. During the bow deer seasons when hunting hours listed in the table on page 52 apply to bow hunting all species.
2. During the regular gun deer season from November 18 – November 26 when normal hunting hours apply to hunting all species.

Note: This restriction does not apply during the muzzleloader, CWD deer seasons, or antlerless only deer hunts.

Blaze orange requirements do not apply to those hunters participating in legal night hunting from 1/2 hour after sunset to 1/2 hour before sunrise.

European wild hogs and **Russian wild boars** are not common nor are they native to Wisconsin. These animals damage the environment, pose health risks to native wildlife and domestic livestock, and have been known to out-compete native wildlife for food and resources.

You may legally shoot a wild or feral hog year round if:

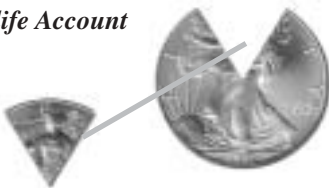
1. You are a landowner with or without a hunting license and you see a wild hog on your property, or
2. You have a small game license, or
3. You have an archery license and are hunting with a bow.
4. You contact the DNR for authorization and turn the hog over to the DNR.

While deer hunting this year, please help the DNR address this potentially harmful non-native species. Please consider shooting any wild hogs you see while out in the field this fall and report any sightings to the local Warden or wildlife manager. **Note:** an unconfined hog in the wild, may not be a wild hog. It is your responsibility to know what you are shooting.

Your Investment in Wisconsin's Wildlife 2004 – 2005

Tracking the Fish & Wildlife Account

Fish & Wildlife account
\$86.2 million
17.3%



\$498.8 million
total DNR
costs FY 05

How the Fish & Wildlife account money gets spent...

- 28.7¢ of each Fish & Wildlife dollar goes towards wildlife management activities.
- The Fish & Wildlife Account pays for \$24.8 million or 83% of the \$29.8 million spent on wildlife programs and 186 positions.

What did your money accomplish in 2004–2005?

Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD): Maintaining the health of Wisconsin's white-tailed deer herd by controlling CWD is the top priority for the wildlife program. Research, disease surveillance, public outreach, and aggressive deer population reduction strategies remain keys to our efforts to eradicate the disease. CWD is a statewide issue. Although confined to two areas in southern Wisconsin, the department is confident that if nothing is done, the disease will continue to spread geographically.

Managing wildlife populations: We worked with citizens and conservation groups to set quotas, hunting rules and regulations. We responded to 4,430 complaints about nuisance wildlife and received 2,247 contacts to the Urban Wildlife Program. Wildlife Management issued 135 permits to raise, rehabilitate, stock and collect game species.

Improve habitat and manage wildlife species: Our staff restored wetlands, maintained grasslands and forest openings, and built nests, dams, and other structures to create or enhance habitat on five million acres of publicly-owned land and about 18,600 acres of privately-owned land. Staff provided technical assistance enabling 1,549 landowners to improve habitat on their land.

Manage public lands: We improved access by leasing 112,895 acres as public hunting grounds and acquiring 5,624 acres for long-term wildlife management. Our wildlife staff manage about 516,000 acres of hunter-accessible public lands to provide suitable habitat for game species.

Stock game species: While we stress maintaining healthy, naturally-reproducing wildlife populations by enhancing habitat, stocking operations also are important for certain species. We raised and released 19,000 pheasants on 56 state properties and provided 48,000 day-old chicks to 47 conservation and hunting groups that raise and release the birds.

Reimburse farmers for wildlife damage: We issued 748 shooting permits and paid \$1.8 million in claims—a dollar from every license and all bonus permit sales revenue — to farmers for crops damaged by bear, deer, elk, geese and turkeys in 2004. There were 7,902 deer harvested on shooting permits.

Inform and educate the public: Our interpretive programs and outdoor skills classes reached more than 40,531 people ranging from toddlers to senior citizens. We reached the broader public through media articles and interviews, and by answering questions at fairs, sports shows and Farm Technology Days.

For information on Fish and Wildlife Account funded projects in your county, visit
dnr.wi.gov/invest/conservation/county.htm

Questions?

Call the DNR Service Center nearest you.

Office hours vary by location. Contact center for hours.

**For updated information about deer season issues call the
WI DNR Hunting Season Information Line 1-800-282-0367**

South Central Region (Fitchburg)	608-275-3266
Dodgeville	608-935-3368
Horicon	920-387-7860
Janesville	608-743-4800
Poynette	608-635-8110
Southeast Region (Milwaukee)	414-263-8500
Plymouth	920-892-8756
Sturtevant	262-884-2300
Waukesha	262-574-2100
West Central Region (Eau Claire)	715-839-3700
Baldwin	715-684-2914
Black River Falls	715-284-1400
La Crosse	608-785-9000
Wausau	715-359-4522
Wisconsin Rapids	715-421-7800
Northern Region (Spooner)	715-635-2101
Antigo	715-627-4317
Ashland	715-685-2900
Cumberland	715-822-3590
Hayward	715-634-2688
Ladysmith	715-532-3911
Park Falls	715-762-3204
Rhineland	715-365-8900
Superior	715-392-7988
Woodruff	715-356-5211
Northeast Region (Green Bay)	920-662-5100
Oshkosh	920-424-3050
Peshigo	715-582-5000
Sturgeon Bay	920-746-2860
Wautoma	920-787-4686

DNR Central Office:

Department of Natural Resources

P.O. Box 7921

Madison, WI 53707-7921

Phone: 608-266-2621

dnr.wi.gov

Support Ethical Responsible Hunting • Report Violations

CALL 1-800-TIP-WDNR

(1-800-847-9367)

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(This is NOT an information number)

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